fx-9750G PLUS owners...

This manual covers the operations of various different calculator models. Note the meaning of the following symbols when using this manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![CFX]</td>
<td>Indicates information about a function that is not supported by the fx-9750G PLUS. You can skip any information that has this mark next to it.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8-1 Before Trying to Draw a Graph

■ Entering the Graph Mode

On the Main Menu, select the GRAPH icon and enter the GRAPH Mode. When you do, the Graph Function menu appears on the display. You can use this menu to store, edit, and recall functions and to draw their graphs.

- `{SEL}` ... (draw/non-draw status)
- `{DEL}` ... (function delete)
- `{TYPE}` ... (graph type menu)
- `{COLR}` ... (graph color)
- `{GMEM}` ... (graph memory save/recall)
- `{DRAW}` ... (graph draw)

![Graph Function Menu]

- `{SEL}` indicates the function is not supported by the fx-9750G PLUS.

Important!

Please keep your manual and all information handy for future reference.
BEFORE USING THE CALCULATOR FOR THE FIRST TIME...

Be sure to perform the following procedure to load batteries, reset the calculator, and adjust the contrast before trying to use the calculator for the first time.

1. Making sure that you do not accidently press the [AC/ON] key, attach the case to the calculator and then turn the calculator over. Remove the back cover from the calculator by pulling with your finger at the point marked ①.

2. Load the four batteries that come with calculator.
   • Make sure that the positive (+) and negative (–) ends of the batteries are facing correctly.

3. Remove the insulating sheet at the location marked “BACK UP” by pulling in the direction indicated by the arrow.

4. Replace the back cover, making sure that its tabs enter the holes marked ② and turn the calculator front side up. The calculator should automatically turn on power and perform the memory reset operation.
5. Press \( \text{MENU} \).

- If the Main Menu shown above is not on the display, press the P button on the back of the calculator to perform memory reset.

6. Use the cursor keys (\( \uparrow \), \( \downarrow \), \( \leftarrow \), \( \rightarrow \)) to select the \( \text{CONT} \) icon and press \( \text{EX} \) or simply press \( \text{DISP} \) to display the contrast adjustment screen.

7. Adjust the contrast.

- **To adjust the contrast**
  - Use \( \uparrow \) and \( \downarrow \) to move the pointer to \( \text{CONTRAST} \).
  - Press \( \text{P} \) to make the figures on the display darker, and \( \text{S} \) to make them lighter.

- **To adjust the tint**
  1. Use \( \uparrow \) and \( \downarrow \) to move the pointer to the color you want to adjust (ORANGE, BLUE, or GREEN).
  2. Press \( \text{P} \) to add more green to the color, and \( \text{S} \) to add more orange.

8. To exit display contrast adjustment, press \( \text{MENU} \).
ABOUT THE COLOR DISPLAY

The display uses three colors: orange, blue, and green, to make data easier to understand.

• Main Menu

• Display Color Adjustment

• Graph Function Menu

• Graph Display (Example 1)

• Graph Display (Example 2)

• Graph-To-Table Display

• Dynamic Graph Display

• Table & Graph Numeric Table

• Recursion Formula Convergence/Divergence Graph Example
• Statistical Regression Graph Example

When you draw a graph or run a program, any comment text normally appears on the display in blue. You can, however, change the color of comment text to orange or green.

Example: To draw a sine curve

1. Enter the GRAPH Mode and input the following.
   
   \[
   \text{F3 (TYPE) F1 (Y=)}
   \]
   
   (Specifies rectangular coordinates.)

   \[
   \text{sin \(X,\theta,T\) \ EXE}
   \]
   
   (Stores the expression.)

2. \text{F4 (COLR)}

   • Press the function key that corresponds to the color you want to use for the graph:
     
     \[
     \text{F1 for blue, F2 for orange, F3 for green.}
     \]

3. \text{F2 (Orng)}

   (Specifies the graph color.)

4. \text{F6 (DRAW)}

   (Draws the graph)

You can also draw multiple graphs of different color on the same screen, making each one distinct and easy to view.
Alpha Lock

Normally, once you press \texttt{ALPHA} and then a key to input an alphabetic character, the keyboard reverts to its primary functions immediately. If you press \texttt{SHIFT} and then \texttt{ALPHA}, the keyboard locks in alpha input until you press \texttt{ALPHA} again.
# KEY TABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trace</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Zoom</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>V-Window</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Sketch</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>G-Solv</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>G ↔ T</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
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</tbody>
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Quick-Start

- Turning Power On And Off
- Using Modes
- Basic Calculations
- Replay Features
- Fraction Calculations
- Exponents
- Graph Functions
- Dual Graph
- Box Zoom
- Dynamic Graph
- Table Function
Welcome to the world of graphing calculators.

Quick-Start is not a complete tutorial, but it takes you through many of the most common functions, from turning the power on, to specifying colors, and on to graphing complex equations. When you’re done, you’ll have mastered the basic operation of this calculator and will be ready to proceed with the rest of this user’s guide to learn the entire spectrum of functions available.

Each step of the examples in Quick-Start is shown graphically to help you follow along quickly and easily. When you need to enter the number 57, for example, we’ve indicated it as follows:

Press 5 7

Whenever necessary, we’ve included samples of what your screen should look like. If you find that your screen doesn’t match the sample, you can restart from the beginning by pressing the “All Clear” button AC/ON.

**TURNING POWER ON AND OFF**

To turn power on, press AC/ON.

To turn power off, press SHIFT AC/ON.

Note that the calculator automatically turns power off if you do not perform any operation for about six minutes (about 60 minutes when a calculation is stopped by an output command (▲)).

**USING MODES**

This calculator makes it easy to perform a wide range of calculations by simply selecting the appropriate mode. Before getting into actual calculations and operation examples, let’s take a look at how to navigate around the modes.

**To select the RUN Mode**

1. Press MENU to display the Main Menu.

* The above shows the CFX-9850 (9950)G(B) PLUS screen.
2. Use \( \text{left} \), \( \text{right} \), \( \text{up} \), \( \text{down} \) to highlight RUN and then press \( \text{EXE} \).

This is the initial screen of the RUN mode, where you can perform manual calculations, and run programs.

**BASIC CALCULATIONS**

With manual calculations, you input formulas from left to right, just as they are written on paper. With formulas that include mixed arithmetic operators and parentheses, the calculator automatically applies true algebraic logic to calculate the result.

**Example:** \( 15 \times 3 + 61 \)

1. Press \( \text{AC/ON} \) to clear the calculator.

2. Press \( 1 \ 5 \ \text{x} \ 3 \ + \ 6 \ 1 \ \text{EXE} \).

**Parentheses Calculations**

**Example:** \( 15 \times (3 + 61) \)

1. Press \( 1 \ 5 \ \text{x} \ ( \ 3 \ + \ 6 \ 1 \ ) \ \text{EXE} \).

**Built-In Functions**

This calculator includes a number of built-in scientific functions, including trigonometric and logarithmic functions.

**Example:** \( 25 \times \sin 45^\circ \)

**Important!**

Be sure that you specify Deg (degrees) as the angle unit before you try this example.
Quick-Start

1. Press AC/ON.
2. Press SHIFT MENU to switch the set up display.

3. Press ▼▼▼▼F1 (Deg) to specify degrees as the angle unit.

4. Press EXIT to clear the menu.
5. Press AC/ON to clear the unit.
6. Press 2 5 X sin 4 5 EXE.

REPLAY FEATURES

With the replay feature, simply press ◀ or ▶ to recall the last calculation that was performed. This recalls the calculation so you can make changes or re-execute it as it is.

Example: To change the calculation in the last example from (25 × sin 45˚) to (25 × sin 55˚)

1. Press ◀ to display the last calculation.
2. Press ◀ twice to move the cursor under the 4.
3. Press 5 .
4. Press EXE to execute the calculation again.
FRACTION CALCULATIONS

You can use the $\frac{a}{b}$ key to input fractions into calculations. The symbol “ $\frac{1}{2}$ ” is used to separate the various parts of a fraction.

**Example:** $1 \frac{15}{16} + \frac{37}{9}$

1. Press \textit{AC/ON}.

2. Press $1 \ a\bar{b} \ 1 \ 5 \ a\bar{b}$

\[ \begin{array}{c}
1 \ 6 \ + \ 3 \ 7 \ a\bar{b} \\
9 \ \text{EXE}.
\end{array} \]

\[ \begin{array}{c}
1.15,16+37,9 \\
6.7,144
\end{array} \]

Indicates $6\frac{7}{144}$

Converting a Mixed Fraction to an Improper Fraction

While a mixed fraction is shown on the display, press \textit{SHIFT} $\frac{a\bar{b}}{c}$ to convert it to an improper fraction.

Press \textit{SHIFT} $\frac{a\bar{b}}{c}$ again to convert back to a mixed fraction.

\[ \begin{array}{c}
1.15,16+37,9 \\
871,144
\end{array} \]

Converting a Fraction to Its Decimal Equivalent

While a fraction is shown on the display, press \textit{F-D} to convert it to its decimal equivalent.

Press \textit{F-D} again to convert back to a fraction.

\[ \begin{array}{c}
1.15,16+37,9 \\
6.048611111
\end{array} \]
**Quick-Start**

**EXPONENTS**

**Example:** $1250 \times 2.06^5$

1. Press $\text{AC/ON}$.

2. Press $1 2 5 0 \times 2 0 6$.

3. Press $\triangle$ and the $^\wedge$ indicator appears on the display.

4. Press $5$. The $^\wedge 5$ on the display indicates that 5 is an exponent.

5. Press $\text{EXE}$.

\[
1250 \times 2.06^5 = 46370.96297
\]
GRAPH FUNCTIONS

The graphing capabilities of this calculator makes it possible to draw complex graphs using either rectangular coordinates (horizontal axis: $x$; vertical axis: $y$) or polar coordinates (angle: $\theta$; distance from origin: $r$).

**Example 1:** To graph $Y = X(X + 1)(X - 2)$

1. Press `MENU`.
2. Use ` `, ` `, ` `, and ` ` to highlight `GRAPH`, and then press `EXE`.
3. Input the formula.

```
(X,θ,T) ( (X,θ,T) + 1 ) ( (X,θ,T) - 2 ) EXE
```
4. Press `F6` (DRAW) or `EXE` to draw the graph.

**Example 2:** To determine the roots of $Y = X(X + 1)(X - 2)$

1. Press `SHIFT` `F5` (G-Solv).
Quick-Start

2. Press F1 (ROOT).
   Press ▶ for other roots.

Example 3: Determine the area bounded by the origin and the X = –1 root obtained for
Y = X(X + 1)(X – 2)

1. Press \textbf{SHIFT} F5 (G-Solv).

2. Press F6 (▷).

3. Press F3 (\(\int dx\)).

4. Use ◀ to move the pointer to the location where X = –1, and then press EXE. Next, use ▶ to move the pointer to the location where X = 0, and then press EXE to input the integration range, which becomes shaded on the display.
DUAL GRAPH

With this function you can split the display between two areas and display two graphs on the same screen.

Example: To draw the following two graphs and determine the points of intersection

\[ Y1 = X(X + 1)(X - 2) \]
\[ Y2 = X + 1.2 \]

1. Press \[ \text{SHIFT} \ \text{SETUP} \ \text{Grph} \] to specify "Graph" for the Dual Screen setting.

2. Press \[ \text{EXIT} \], and then input the two functions.

\[ (X, \theta, T) (X, \theta, T) + 1 \]
\[-2 \] \[ EXE \]
\[ (X, \theta, T) + 1 \cdot 2 \] \[ EXE \]

3. Press \[ \text{F6} \] (DRAW) or \[ \text{EXE} \] to draw the graphs.

BOX ZOOM

Use the Box Zoom function to specify areas of a graph for enlargement.

1. Press \[ \text{SHIFT} \ \text{F2} \] (Zoom) \[ \text{F1} \] (BOX).

2. Use \[ \text{left} \], \[ \text{right} \], \[ \text{up} \], and \[ \text{down} \] to move the pointer to one corner of the area you want to specify and then press \[ \text{EXE} \].
Quick-Start

3. Use LEFT, RIGHT, UP, and DOWN to move the pointer again. As you do, a box appears on the display. Move the pointer so the box encloses the area you want to enlarge.

4. Press EXE, and the enlarged area appears in the inactive (right side) screen.

DYNAMIC GRAPH

Dynamic Graph lets you see how the shape of a graph is affected as the value assigned to one of the coefficients of its function changes.

Example: To draw graphs as the value of coefficient A in the following function changes from 1 to 3

\[ Y = AX^2 \]

1. Press MENU.

2. Use LEFT, RIGHT, UP, and DOWN to highlight DYNA, and then press EXE.

3. Input the formula.

\[ \text{ALPHA A} \] \(X, \theta, T\) \(x^2\) EXE
4. Press **F4** (VAR) 1 **EXE** to assign an initial value of 1 to coefficient A.

5. Press **F2** (RANG) 1 **EXE** 3 **EXE** 1 **EXE** to specify the range and increment of change in coefficient A.

6. Press **EXIT**.

7. Press **F6** (DYNA) to start Dynamic Graph drawing. The graphs are drawn 10 times.
TABLE FUNCTION

The Table Function makes it possible to generate a table of solutions as different values are assigned to the variables of a function.

Example: To create a number table for the following function

\[ Y = X \ (X+1) \ (X-2) \]

1. Press \( \text{[MENU]} \).

2. Use \( \text{[ Archer Arrow Left, Archer Arrow Right, Archer Arrow Up, Archer Arrow Down]} \) to highlight TABLE, and then press \( \text{[EXE]} \).

3. Input the formula.
   \[
   (X,\theta,T, \ ( X,\theta,T \ \text{ plus } \ 1 \ ) \ \text{ minus } \ 2 ) \ \text{EXE}
   \]

4. Press \( \text{F6} \) (TABL) or \( \text{EXE} \) to generate the number table.

To learn all about the many powerful features of this calculator, read on and explore!
Handling Precautions

• Your calculator is made up of precision components. Never try to take it apart.

• Avoid dropping your calculator and subjecting it to strong impact.

• Do not store the calculator or leave it in areas exposed to high temperatures or humidity, or large amounts of dust. When exposed to low temperatures, the calculator may require more time to display results and may even fail to operate. Correct operation will resume once the calculator is brought back to normal temperature.

• The display will go blank and keys will not operate during calculations. When you are operating the keyboard, be sure to watch the display to make sure that all your key operations are being performed correctly.

• Replace the main batteries once every 2 years regardless of how much the calculator is used during that period. Never leave dead batteries in the battery compartment. They can leak and damage the unit.

• Keep batteries out of the reach of small children. If swallowed, consult with a physician immediately.

• Avoid using volatile liquids such as thinner or benzine to clean the unit. Wipe it with a soft, dry cloth, or with a cloth that has been dipped in a solution of water and a neutral detergent and wrung out.

• Always be gentle when wiping dust off the display to avoid scratching it.

• In no event will the manufacturer and its suppliers be liable to you or any other person for any damages, expenses, lost profits, lost savings or any other damages arising out of loss of data and/or formulas arising out of malfunction, repairs, or battery replacement. The user should prepare physical records of data to protect against such data loss.

• Never dispose of batteries, the liquid crystal panel, or other components by burning them.

• When the “Low battery!” message appears on the display, replace the main power supply batteries as soon as possible.

• Be sure that the power switch is set to OFF when replacing batteries.

• If the calculator is exposed to a strong electrostatic charge, its memory contents may be damaged or the keys may stop working. In such a case, perform the Reset operation to clear the memory and restore normal key operation.

• If the calculator stops operating correctly for some reason, use a thin, pointed object to press the P button on the back of the calculator. Note, however, that this clears all the data in calculator memory.

• Note that strong vibration or impact during program execution can cause execution to stop or can damage the calculator’s memory contents.

• Using the calculator near a television or radio can cause interference with TV or radio reception.

• Before assuming malfunction of the unit, be sure to carefully reread this user’s guide and ensure that the problem is not due to insufficient battery power, programming or operational errors.
Be sure to keep physical records of all important data!

The large memory capacity of the unit makes it possible to store large amounts of data. You should note, however, that low battery power or incorrect replacement of the batteries that power the unit can cause the data stored in memory to be corrupted or even lost entirely. Stored data can also be affected by strong electrostatic charge or strong impact.

Since this calculator employs unused memory as a work area when performing its internal calculations, an error may occur when there is not enough memory available to perform calculations. To avoid such problems, it is a good idea to leave 1 or 2 kbytes of memory free (unused) at all times.

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CFX-9850G PLUS
CFX-9850GB PLUS
CFX-9850GC PLUS
CFX-9950GB PLUS
## Contents

**Chapter 7**

- **Equation Calculations** ................................................................. 99
  - 7-1 Before Beginning an Equation Calculation .................................. 100
  - 7-2 Linear Equations with Two to Six Unknowns .............................. 101
  - 7-3 Quadratic and Cubic Equations ..................................................... 104
  - 7-4 Solve Calculations ........................................................................ 107
  - 7-5 What to Do When an Error Occurs ............................................... 110

**Chapter 8**

- **Graphing** ....................................................................................... 111
  - 8-1 Before Trying to Draw a Graph ..................................................... 112
  - 8-2 View Window (V-Window) Settings .............................................. 113
  - 8-3 Graph Function Operations ............................................................ 117
  - 8-4 Graph Memory .............................................................................. 122
  - 8-5 Drawing Graphs Manually .............................................................. 123
  - 8-6 Other Graphing Functions .............................................................. 128
  - 8-7 Picture Memory ............................................................................ 139
  - 8-8 Graph Background ....................................................................... 140

**Chapter 9**

- **Graph Solve** .................................................................................. 143
  - 9-1 Before Using Graph Solve ............................................................. 144
  - 9-2 Analyzing a Function Graph ......................................................... 145

**Chapter 10**

- **Sketch Function** ............................................................................. 153
  - 10-1 Before Using the Sketch Function ............................................... 154
  - 10-2 Graphing with the Sketch Function ............................................. 155

**Chapter 11**

- **Dual Graph** ................................................................................... 167
  - 11-1 Before Using Dual Graph ............................................................ 168
  - 11-2 Specifying the Left and Right View Window Parameters ............ 169
  - 11-3 Drawing a Graph in the Active Screen ....................................... 170
  - 11-4 Displaying a Graph in the Inactive Screen ................................. 171

**Chapter 12**

- **Graph-to-Table** ............................................................................. 175
  - 12-1 Before Using Graph-to-Table ...................................................... 176
  - 12-2 Using Graph-to-Table ................................................................. 177

**Chapter 13**

- **Dynamic Graph** ........................................................................... 181
  - 13-1 Before Using Dynamic Graph .................................................... 182
  - 13-2 Storing, Editing, and Selecting Dynamic Graph Functions .......... 183
  - 13-3 Drawing a Dynamic Graph .......................................................... 184
  - 13-4 Using Dynamic Graph Memory .................................................. 190
  - 13-5 Dynamic Graph Application Examples ...................................... 191

**Chapter 14**

- **Conic Section Graphs** ................................................................. 193
  - 14-1 Before Graphing a Conic Section .............................................. 194
  - 14-2 Graphing a Conic Section ......................................................... 195
  - 14-3 Conic Section Graph Analysis .................................................... 199
## Contents

### Chapter 15  Table & Graph ................................................................. 205
- 15-1 Before Using Table & Graph ......................................................... 206
- 15-2 Storing a Function and Generating a Numeric Table ................... 207
- 15-3 Editing and Deleting Functions .................................................... 210
- 15-4 Editing Tables and Drawing Graphs ............................................. 211
- 15-5 Copying a Table Column to a List ................................................. 216

### Chapter 16  Recursion Table and Graph ....................................... 217
- 16-1 Before Using the Recursion Table and Graph Function ............... 218
- 16-2 Inputting a Recursion Formula and Generating a Table ............... 219
- 16-3 Editing Tables and Drawing Graphs ............................................. 223

### Chapter 17  List Function ................................................................. 229
- List Data Linking ................................................................................. 230
- 17-1 List Operations ............................................................................. 231
- 17-2 Editing and Rearranging Lists ...................................................... 233
- 17-3 Manipulating List Data ............................................................... 237
- 17-4 Arithmetic Calculations Using Lists ............................................ 244
- 17-5 Switching Between List Files ...................................................... 248

### Chapter 18  Statistical Graphs and Calculations ................................. 249
- 18-1 Before Performing Statistical Calculations .................................... 250
- 18-2 Paired-Variable Statistical Calculation Examples ........................ 251
- 18-3 Calculating and Graphing Single-Variable Statistical Data ........... 257
- 18-4 Calculating and Graphing Paired-Variable Statistical Data .......... 261
- 18-5 Performing Statistical Calculations .............................................. 270
- 18-6 Tests ............................................................................................ 276
- 18-7 Confidence Interval ..................................................................... 294
- 18-8 Distribution .................................................................................. 304

### Chapter 19  Financial Calculations ................................................. 321
- 19-1 Before Performing Financial Calculations .................................... 322
- 19-2 Simple Interest Calculations ....................................................... 324
- 19-3 Compound Interest Calculations ................................................. 326
- 19-4 Investment Appraisal .................................................................. 337
- 19-5 Amortization of a Loan .............................................................. 341
- 19-6 Conversion between Percentage Interest Rate and Effective Interest Rate ......................................................... 345
- 19-7 Cost, Selling Price, Margin Calculations ..................................... 347
- 19-8 Day/Date Calculations .............................................................. 349

### Chapter 20  Programming ................................................................. 351
- 20-1 Before Programming ................................................................. 352
- 20-2 Programming Examples ............................................................ 353
## Contents

20-3  Debugging a Program ................................................................. 358  
20-4  Calculating the Number of Bytes Used by a Program .................. 359  
20-5  Secret Function ................................................................. 360  
20-6  Searching for a File ............................................................... 362  
20-7  Searching for Data Inside a Program .......................................... 364  
20-8  Editing File Names and Program Contents ............................... 365  
20-9  Deleting a Program ................................................................. 368  
20-10 Useful Program Commands .................................................. 369  
20-11 Command Reference ............................................................. 371  
20-12 Text Display ............................................................................ 388  
20-13 Using Calculator Functions in Programs .................................. 389  

Chapter 21 Data Communications .................................................... 399  
  21-1  Connecting Two Units .......................................................... 400  
  21-2  Connecting the Unit with a Personal Computer ....................... 401  
  21-3  Connecting the Unit with a CASIO Label Printer .................... 402  
  21-4  Before Performing a Data Communication Operation ................ 403  
  21-5  Performing a Data Transfer Operation .................................. 404  
  21-6  Screen Send Function .......................................................... 408  
  21-7  Data Communications Precautions ....................................... 409  

Chapter 22 Program Library ............................................................. 411  
  1.  Prime Factor Analysis ............................................................... 412  
  2.  Greatest Common Measure ..................................................... 414  
  3.  t-Test Value ............................................................................. 416  
  4.  Circle and Tangents ............................................................... 418  
  5.  Rotating a Figure ................................................................. 425  

Appendix .......................................................................................... 429  
  Appendix A  Resetting the Calculator ............................................. 430  
  Appendix B  Power Supply ............................................................. 432  
  Appendix C  Error Message Table ................................................. 436  
  Appendix D  Input Ranges ............................................................. 438  
  Appendix E  Specifications ........................................................... 441  
  Index ............................................................................................... 443  
  Command Index ............................................................................ 449  
  Key Index ....................................................................................... 450  
  Program Mode Command List ..................................................... 453