User's Manual

# PCR-T285 <br> PCR-T295 <br> SE-S100 

Electronic Cash Register

(S size drawer)

## Introduction

Thank you very much for purchasing this CASIO electronic Cash Register. START-UP is QUICK and EASY!

For the basic settings of your Cash Register, please see "Quick Start Guide".

## CASIO Authorized Service Centers

If your CASIO product needs repair, or you wish to purchase replacement parts, please visit http://casio4business.com.

## Original Carton/Package

If for any reason, this product is to be returned to the store where purchased, it must be packed in the original carton/package.

## Location

Locate the Cash register on a flat, stable surface, away from heaters or areas exposed to direct sunlight, humidity or dust.

## Power Supply

Your Cash Register is designed to operate on standard household current ( $120 \mathrm{~V}, 220 \mathrm{~V}, 230 \mathrm{~V}, 240 \mathrm{~V}$; $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). Do not overload the outlet by plugging in too many appliances.

## Cleaning

Clean the Cash Register exterior with a soft cloth which has been moistened with a solution of a mild neutral detergent and water, and wrung out. Be sure that the cloth is thoroughly wrung out to avoid damage to the printer. Never use paint thinner, benzene, or other volatile solvents.
The mains plug on this equipment must be used to disconnect mains power. Please ensure that the socket outlet is installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
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## To use the Cash Register safely

- Congratulations upon your selection of this CASIO product. Be sure to read the following safety precautions before using it for the first time. After reading this guide, keep it close at hand for easy reference.
- Please pay due attention to the following symbols to help you use the product safely and properly and to avoid any personal injury or damage to the product.

| $\lfloor$ Danger | If this symbol is ignored and the product consequently misused, it can result in seri- <br> ous personal injury and/or death. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\lfloor$ Warning | If this symbol is ignored and the product consequently misused, it may result in <br> serious personal injury and/or death. |
| $\lfloor$ Caution | If this symbol is ignored and the product consequently misused, it may result in <br> personal injury and/or property damage. |

The figures in this manual have the following meanings.

| 4 | This symbol means be careful = a warning. <br> The example at left is a warning about an electrical shock. |
| :---: | :--- |
| This symbol indicates something you must not do = prohibited action. The example at left |  |
| means never disassemble the product. |  |

## $\triangle$ Danger

If liquid that leaked from a battery gets in your eye, on your skin or clothes, deal with it immediately as follows.

1. Immediately rinse it off with lots of water.
2. Immediately get medical treatment.

Failing to act may result in a rash or loss of sight.

| Handling the register |
| :--- | :--- |
| • Should the register malfunction, start to emit smoke or a strange odor, or otherwise |
| behave abnormally, immediately shut down the power and unplug the AC plug from the |
| power outlet. Continued use creates the danger of fire and electric shock. Contact CASIO |
| service representative. |

## Warning

- Do not place containers of liquids near the register and do not allow any foreign matter to get into it. Should water or other foreign matter get into the register, immediately shut down the power and unplug the AC plug from the power outlet. Continued use creates the danger of short circuit, fire and electric shock. Contact CASIO service representative.
- Should you drop the register and damage it, immediately shut down the power and unplug the AC plug from the power outlet. Continued use creates the danger of short circuit, fire and electric shock.
- Attempting to repair the register yourself is extremely dangerous. Contact CASIO service representative.
- Never try to take the register apart or modify it in any way. High-voltage components inside the register create the danger of fire and electric shock. Contact CASIO service representative for all repair and maintenance.


## Power plug and AC outlet

- Use only a proper AC electric outlet. Use of an outlet with a different voltage from the rating creates the danger of malfunction, fire, and electric shock. Overloading an electric outlet creates the danger of overheating and fire.
- Make sure the power plug is inserted as far as it will go. Loose plugs create the danger of electric shock, overheating, and fire.
- Do not use the register if the plug is damaged. Never connect to a power outlet that is loose.
- Use a dry cloth to periodically wipe off any dust built up on the prongs of the plug. Humidity can cause poor insulation and create the danger of electric shock and fire if dust stays on the prongs.
- Do not allow the power cord or plug to become damaged, and never try to modify them in any way. Continued use of a damaged power cord can cause deterioration of the insulation, exposure of internal wiring, and short circuit, which creates the danger of electric shock and fire. Contact CASIO service representative whenever the power cord or plug requires repair or maintenance.

| \}  Caution  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | - Do not place the register on an unstable or uneven surface. Doing so can cause the register - especially when the drawer is open - to fall, creating the danger of malfunction, fire, and electric shock. |
| Do no | ce the register in the following areas. <br> - Areas where the register will be subject to large amounts of humidity or dust, or directly exposed to hot or cold air. <br> - Areas exposed to direct sunlight, in a close motor vehicle, or any other area subject to very high temperatures. <br> The above conditions can cause malfunction, which creates the danger of fire. |
|  | - Do not overlay bend the power cord, do not allow it to be caught between desks or other furniture, and never place heavy objects on top of the power cord. Doing so can cause short circuit or breaking of the power cord, creating the danger of fire and electric shock. |

## $\triangle$ Caution

- Be sure to grasp the plug when unplugging the power cord from the wall outlet. Pulling on the cord can damage it, break the wiring, or cause short, creating the danger of fire and electric shock.
- Never touch the plug while your hands are wet. Doing so creates the danger of electric shock. Pulling on the cord can damage it, break the wiring, or cause short, creating the danger of fire and electric shock.
- At least once a year, unplug the power plug and use a dry cloth or vacuum cleaner to clear dust from the area around the prongs of the power plug.
Never use detergent to clean the power cord, especially power plug.
(1)
- Keep small parts out of the reach of small children to make sure it is not swallowed accidentally.

Only use the specified batteries.


- Do not disassemble, modify or short-circuit them.
- Do not put them in fire or water or heat them.
- Do not mix new and old batteries or different types of batteries.
- Orient the terminals +- correctly.
- Remove the batteries if the system will not be used for a long time.
- After batteries are spent, dispose of them as per local regulations.
- Do not try to recharge dry cell batteries.


## Disposing of batteries:

- Make sure that you dispose of used batteries in accordance with the rules and regulations in your local area.
- Be careful not to cut your finger by the paper cutter.
- The cover or the plastic case for the terminal may discolor or damaged when thinner, gasoline, kerosene, various solvent, grease, any cleaner including them, adhesive, paint, medical agent, cosmetics, etc., are adhered. Please be cautious.


## Notice

- Any copying of the contents of this manual, either in part or its entirety without the permission of CASIO COMPUTER CO., LTD is prohibited under copyright laws.
- The contents of this manual and specifications of this unit are subject to change without notice.
- In case the terminal malfunctions or for any question about the contents of this manual, please contact your local CASIO service center or CASIO COMPUTER CO., LTD.
- To prevent losing all your settings and sales data, we strongly recommend that you install the memory protection batteries before you use the Cash Register and replace them at least once a year.


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## ■ When the cash drawer does not open!

In case of power failure or the machine is in malfunction, the cash drawer does not open automatically. Even in these cases, you can open the cash drawer by pulling drawer release lever (see below).
Important

- The drawer will not open, if it is locked with a drawer lock key.



## About drawer hook

Drawer hook prevents the Cash Register from falling caused by weight of coins.
Insert the drawer hook in the ditch of the drawer. Peel the release paper from the drawer hook and stick the drawer on the place where the register is installed.
As it may cause a malfunction of the drawer, please do not put coins and bills in the drawer excessively.

(S size drawer)

```
Manufacturer:CASIO COMPUTER CO., LTD.
C E 6-2, Hon-machi 1-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 151-8543, Japan
Responsible within the European Union:CASIO EUROPE GmbH
CASIO-Platz 1, }22848\mathrm{ Norderstedt, Germany
```

Please keep all information for future reference.
The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://world.casio.com/

Laite on liitettävä suojamaadoituskostkettimilla vaurstettuun pistorasiaan
Apparatet må tilkoples jordet stikkontakt
Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat nätuttag.

The main plug on this equipment must be used to disconnect mains power.
Please ensure that the socket outlet is installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

## WARNING

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

This mark applies in EU countries only.

This product is also designed for IT power distribution system with phase-to-phase voltage 230 V .

GUIDELINES LAID DOWN BY FCC RULES FOR USE OF THE UNIT IN THE U.S.A. (Not applicable to other areas)

WARNING: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC WARNING: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

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## To use the Cash Register's basic function

Getting to know your Cash Register

## Name of Parts



## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## ■ Mode switch



Use the mode keys to change the position of the Mode switch and select the mode you want to use.
PGM (Program)
This position is for setting your Cash Register to suit the needs of your store.
RF (Refund)
Use this position for registering returned goods or correcting registered items.

## OFF

The Cash Register turns off in this position.

## REG (Register)

Use this position for regular registrations.
CAL (Calculation)
Set to this position when you use the Cash Register as a calculator.

## X (Read)

Use this position for issuing daily sales totals report without clearing the data.

## Z (Reset)

This position is for issuing reports of daily totals with clearing the accumulated totals.

## ■ Mode keys

There are two types of mode keys. The program key marked "PGM" and the opera-
 tor key marked "OP". The program key can set the Mode switch to any position, while the operator key can select only OFF, REG, and CAL positions.

|  | PGM | RF | OFF | REG | CAL | X | Z |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OP key | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | O | - | - |
| PGM key | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

## ■ Drawer

The drawer opens automatically whenever you finalize a registration and whenever you issue a read or reset report. The drawer will not open if it is locked with the drawer key.

## Drawer key

Use this key to lock and unlock the drawer.

## - Bill clip plate

Use this plate for tacking the notes received from customer.

## Display



1 Repeat counter
2 Transaction indicator
3 7-segment display
4 Dot matrix display

Indicates number of repetition for such case as multiple registration of a same item.
Indicates the status of the displayed amount such as tax status, total amount, or change amount.
Indicates amount.
Indicates characters such as item names and prices.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Keyboard


[PAPER SAVING] Use this key to stop issuing receipts or compressed journal printing to save paper.
[POST RECEIPT] When the Register is set to not to print receipts, pressing this key prints a receipt of the preceding transaction. [HELP] Use this key to print operation guidance.

Use this key to feed the paper.
Use this key to show present date and time. Also this key is used for multiplications.
Use this key to clear an entry that has not yet been registered.
Use this key to correct immediately preceding registration. Also this key is used for reducing price.


Department shift key. Using this key with departments 1 to 12 keys, items are registered in departments 13 to 24 . Also this key prints preceding number entry without any registration.
Price look up key. Use this key to register preset items by number.
Use this key following a numeric entry to register money received by non-sale transactions.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

Use this key following a numeric entry to register money paid out from the drawer.

0 to 9 - 00 Ten-key. Use these keys for numeral entries.
-1. to 12

## CR

$\%$ cike
CH

| CHK |
| :---: |
| NS |

OTAL
$=\begin{gathered}\text { CA/AMT } \\ \text { TEND }\end{gathered}$

Department keys. Use these keys to register items to the corresponding department.
Use this key for credit card payments.
Use this key for discounts. Also this key is used to sign a clerk on or off.
Use this key to register charge sales.
Use this key for check payments. Also this key is used for opening drawer.
Use this key to display and print the current subtotal amount.
Use this key to register cash sales.

## Getting started

This chapter explains how to set up the Cash Register and get it ready to operate.

## To install memory protection batteries

## Important

- These batteries protect information stored in your Cash Register's memory when there is a power fail-

1 Remove the printer cover by lifting it up.


2 Remove the take up reel.


3 Remove the battery compartment cover and install two new "AA" type manganese batteries in the battery compartment over battery extraction ribbon.


4 Replace the battery compartment cover. Please make sure that the battery compartment cover is fastened securely with a click sound.


## Important

- Be sure that the plus ( + ) and minus (-) ends of the batteries are facing in the directions as indicated on the battery compartment.
- The Cash Register will show "LOW BATTERY" on the display when the batteries are running low on power. Install two new batteries when this occurs.


## Warning

- Never try to recharge the batteries.
- Do not expose batteries to direct heat, let them become shorted or try to take them apart.
- Keep batteries out of the reach of small children. If your child should swallow a battery, consult a physician immediately.
- There is a risk of explosion if the batteries are replaced with improper type.
- Dispose used batteries according to the local rule.


## To set a paper roll

This Cash Register is fitted with a thermal printer - only 58 mm wide thermal paper rolls can be used.

## Caution (in handling the thermal paper)

- Never touch the printer head and the platen as they become hot.
- Be careful not to cut your finger with the paper cutter.

- Unpack the thermal paper just before your use.
- Avoid heat and direct sunlight.
- Avoid dusty and humid places for storage.
- Do not scratch the paper.
- Do not keep the printed paper under the following circumstances.

High humidity and temperature/direct sunlight/contact with glue, thinner or a rubber eraser.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

1 Open the platen arm by lifting it up slowly.


2 Hold the paper roll so that the end of the paper comes out from the bottom of the roll and place it behind the printer.


3 Place the end of the paper over the printer.


4 Close the platen arm slowly until it locks securely.


## Important

- If the thermal paper roll is not properly installed, you will not be able to use the Cash Register. The display shows "E014 Paper end" to indicate that the paper is not inserted.
- If the display shows "E010 Close the platen arm", close the platen arm securely.


## To set the language, date, time, and tax rates

## Important

- In each setting of date, time and tax rates, the Cash Register prints your settings. Make sure that the settings are correct. If you have made incorrect date and time setting, press acc key. For other incorrect settings, pull out the AC cord, take out batteries, and start from the beginning.

1 Plug in the power socket into a wall outlet. Be sure to check the rating plate on the side of the Cash Register to make sure that its voltage matches that of the power supply in your area.


2 As soon as you plug in the power cord, the printer prints instructions for selecting language (country). Input the language number

 keys.

3 The printer prints the instructions for setting date and time, the top digit of the display flashes. Enter the date in order of month, day and year. For example, input 012115 for January 21, 2015.

4 Display changes for setting time. Enter the present hours and minutes in 24 - hour system. For example, 1300 for 1:00 pm.
Note: For Canadian model, proceed to step 7.

5 After a few seconds, the printer prints "PLEASE INPUT TAX RATE". Input tax rate 1 and press $=1$ ch/iaid . For example, press 5 and $=$ CM/ /Aim

```
PLEASE INPUT TAX RATE.
TAX RATE :RATE+\langleCA\rangle
EXIT :<ST>
```

6 Repeat the same operation as step 5 for tax rates 2 and 3 . Please do not forget the rates you have set, and be sure to preset the rates to departments explained in "To preset taxable statuses to departments" (page 36). If you wish to exit from the tax rates settings, press $\square$ key.
For US model, the basic settings have been completed. Proceed to the next step for Canadian model.

## To use the Cash Register＇s basic function

7 Canadian model only：As the printer prints＂PLEASE SELECT TAX TABLE．＂and list of the states，choose your state and input
 you use the Cash Register in Alberta，press 1 and $E^{\text {ch／} / \text { Aurion }}$ keys．If you select＂MANUAL ENTRY： 0 ＜CA＞＂，input tax rates manually by following steps 5 and 6 and then proceed to step 8 ．

```
PLEASE SELECT TAX TABLE
MANUAL ENTRY : O<CA>
Alberta : 1〈CA\rangle
British Columbia: 2<CA>
Manitoba : 3〈CA\rangle
New Brunswick : 4〈CA\rangle
Newfoundland : 5〈CA>
Nova Scotia: 6〈CA\rangle
Ontario : 7\langleCA>
Prince Edward : 8〈CA>
Quebec : 9〈CA>
Saskatchewan :10〈CA\rangle
Yukon :11\langleCA\rangle
Northwest :12〈CA\rangle
Nunavut :13〈CA\rangle
```

```
DO YOU USE CANADIAN
ROUNDING ?
USE :1〈CA\rangle
NOT USE :O<CA>
```

9 Now，you have completed the initial setups of the Cash Register．
NOTE By default，taxable is preset to departments 5 through 12．To preset tax statuses to department keys，see page 36.
Further operations：
－To set tax table（page 71）

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Daily job flow

## Before opening your store



- Plugged in? (page 18)
- Enough paper roll? (pages 16 and 17)
- Date and time are correct? (page 21)
- Prepared enough bills and coins for changes? (page 22)

While the store is open


- Registrations (page 23)
- Issuing latest total sales report if needed (page 44)


## After closing the store



- Issuing day's total sales report (page 44)
- Withdraw the money from the drawer.

After you withdraw all the money from the drawer, we recommend that you leave the drawer open when you leave your store.

- Turn the Mode switch to OFF.


## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Before opening your store

## Checking the time and date

You can check the time or date on the display whenever there is no registration being made.

## Step

 time on the display.
2 Press $\triangle C C$ key to clear the date/time $A C$ display.

## Operation



Display


## Setting date and time

To change date and time, perform the following operations.


PGM

## Step

Operation
1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position.
2 Input the date and time from ten key pad and press xaid

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | in order of MMDDYY. The example on the right is for January 21, 2015.

3 Press ACC key.
4 Input the present time in 24-hour system. For example, 1300

5 Press ac key.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Preparing bills and coins for change

Use 尿/iss key to open the drawer and store prepared bills and coins for changes in the drawer.

NOTE
You can also use [CHK change is not stored in the Cash Register's memory, and cash amount in drawer is miscalculated on the sales reports.

| Step | Operation | Printout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Input the amount prepared for changes and press rax/sis) key. The example on the right is for preparing \$350.50. |  | YOUR RECEIPT THANK YOU CALL AGAIN |
| 2 Put the money prepared for changes in the drawer and close the drawer. |  | 01-21-2015 $09: 30$ <br> REG 000002 <br> RA $\$ 350.50$ |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Registering items

The following examples show how you can use the department keys in various types of registrations. Departments are used for categorizing items. For example, department 01 for vegetables, department 02 for fruits, and department 03 for canned foods etc.

## Simple registration



■ Paying the exact amount
Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | \$1.00 | One Dept. 01 item priced $\$ 1.00$ is sold, and the customer paid the exact amount in cash. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Dept. | 01 |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$1.00 |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the unit price. | 100 |  |
| 2 Press corresponding Dept. key. In this example, Dept. 01. | $+1$ | YOUR RECEIPT THANK YOU CALL AGAIN |
|  | ${ }^{\text {ch/ }}$ / ARIT | 01-21-2015 $09: 45$ <br> REG 000004 |
|  |  | DEPTO1  <br> CASH $\$ 1.00$ |

## Further operations:

- To preset prices to departments (page 38)
- To preset item names to departments (pages 39 and 51)
- To register single item by single operation (pages 60 and 61)
- To preset tax statuses to departments (page 36)


## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## $\square$ Registration with change calculation

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 12.34$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | One item priced at $\$ 12.34$ is sold and the customer |
|  | paid more than the total amount $(\$ 20.00)$. |  |  |
| Payment | ept. | 01 |  |

Step
1 Enter the unit price.
2 Press corresponding department key.
3 Press sus key. The total amount of the item is shown on the display.

4 Enter the tendered amount then press $=$ C/ shows the amount of change.

Operation
$1 2 3 \longdiv { 3 }$

## $+1$

SUB
Total

Printout and Display

| YOUR RECEIPT |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| THANK YOU |  |
| TALL | AGAIN |
|  |  |
| 01-21-2015 | $09: 50$ |
| REG | 000005 |
|  |  |
| DEPTO1 | $\$ 12.34$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 12.34$ |
| CASH | $\$ 20.00$ |
| CHANGE | $\$ 7.66$ |

## CHANGE

To register multiple items of the same price
$\square$ Registering multiple items of the same price
Sample Operation

| Item 1 | Unit Price | $\$ 1.50$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 3 | Three items of Dept. 01 priced at $\$ 1.50$ and a dozen |
|  | Dept. | 01 |  |
| of $\$ 1.00$ items of the same Dept. are sold, and the |  |  |  |
| customer paid $\$ 20.00$ in cash. |  |  |  |
| Item 2 | Unit Price | 12 |  |
|  | Quantity | 01 |  |
|  | Dept. | $\$ 20.00$ |  |
| Payment | Cash |  |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the unit price of item 1. | 150 |  |  |
|  |  | 21-01-2015 | 10:20 |
| 2 Press corresponding department key repeatedly for the purchased quantity. | +1 +1 +1 | REG | 000007 |
|  |  | DEPT01 | \$1.50 |
|  |  | DEPTO1 | \$1.50 |
| 3 Enter the quantity then press | 12 区閶 | DEPTO1 | \$1.50 |
| key. |  | 12 x | @1.00 |
|  | $1 \longdiv { 0 0 + 1 }$ | DEPT01 | \$12.00 |
| responding Dept. key. |  | TOTAL | \$16.50 |
| 5 Press $\begin{aligned} & \text { sub } \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \text { key }\end{aligned}$ | TOOPL | CHANGE | \$3.50 |

6 Enter the tendered amount then
 shows the amount of change.

## ■ Department shift




## Sample Operation



## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Various payments



## ■ Other payments than cash

Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 10.00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | One Dept. 01 item priced $\$ 10.00$ is sold and the |
|  | customer paid by check. |  |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the unit price. | 1000 |  |  |
|  |  | 01-21-2015 | 11:10 |
| 2 Press corresponding Dept. key. | $+1$ | REG | 000012 |
| 3 Press ${ }^{\text {CHK }}$ key. | ( ${ }_{\text {chk }}$ | DEPTO1 | \$10.00 |
| 3 Press ${ }_{\text {dus }}^{\text {chey }}$ key. |  | CHECK | \$10.00 |

NOTE Instead of $\underset{\substack{C H K \\ N S}}{ }$ key, use CH or CR keys for charge or credit card payments.

## ■ Split payment

You can register mixed payment of cash, charge, check, and credit card.

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 25.50$ | One Dept. 01 item priced $\$ 25.50$ is sold, and the |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Dept. | $\$ 10.00$ | by credit card. |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 15.50$ |  |
|  | Card |  |  |


|  | tep | Ope |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Enter the unit price. | 2 |
| 2 | Press corresponding Dept. key. | $+1$ |
| 3 | Input cash amount and press $\square$ key. The display shows the balance. | 1 |
| 4 | Press CR key. The balance is registered as credit card payment. | CR |

## Discount

## $\square$ Discount on items

## Sample Operation

| Item 1 | $\$ 10.00(5 \%$ discount $)$ | 1 piece | Dept. 01 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Item 2 | $\$ 20.00$ (no discount) | 1 piece | Dept. 02 | Five percent discount is given to a <br> $\$ 10.00$ item. |
| Payment | $\$ 30.00$ in cash |  |  |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the unit price of item 1, and press corresponding Dept. key. | $10000+1$ | 01-21-2015 | 15:25 |
| 2 Input the discount rate from ten | $5 \%$ c/ks | REG | 000021 |
| key pad, and press \%oks key. The discounted amount of the item is |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEPT01 } \\ & 5 \% \end{aligned}$ | \$10.00 |
| shown on the display. |  | \%- | -0.50 |
| 3 Register item 2. | $2000-2$ | DEPTO2 <br> TOTAL | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20.00 \\ \$ 29.50 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | CASH | \$30.00 |
| 4 Enter the tendered amount then press $\square$ key. | $3000={ }^{\text {C/ / } / \text { NEN }}$ | CHANGE | \$0.50 |

## Further operation:

- To preset discount rate (page 35)


## ■ Discount on total amount

Sample Operation

| Item 1 | $\$ 10.00$ | 1 piece | Dept. 01 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Item 2 | $\$ 20.00$ | 1 piece | Dept. 02 | $\$ 10.00$ and $\$ 20.00$ items are sold, and $5 \%$ discount <br> is given on the total amount. |
| Total | $\$ 30.00(5 \%$ discount $)$ |  |  |  |
| Payment | $\$ 30.00$ in cash |  |  |  |

Step
1 Register item 1.
2 Register item 2.
3 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUOB } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { key } \\ \hline}}{ }$
4 Input the percent rate from ten key pad, and press \%rey. The discounted total amount is shown on the display.
5 Enter the tendered amount then


## Operation

$1 0 \longdiv { 0 0 + 1 }$
$2000-2$

Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $16: 10$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000023 |
| DEPTO1 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| DEPTO2 | $\$ 20.00$ |
| ST | $\$ 30.00$ |
| $5 \%$ | -1.50 |
| $\%-$ | $\$ 30.00$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 28.50$ |
| CASH | $\$ 1.50$ |
| CHANGE |  |

## To use the Cash Register＇s basic function

## Quantity discount registration

Even price is set per specific quantity，the Cash Register calculates the price of add numbered quantity．

## Sample Operation

| Set quantity | 6 pieces | Set price | $\$ 50.00$ | Dept． 01 | Five pieces of $\$ 50.00$ for |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Purchased quantity | 5 pieces |  | 6 |  |  |
| Payment | $\$ 50.00$ in cash |  |  |  |  |

Step Operation Printout

1 Input purchased quantity and press x10em key．
2 Input unit quantity and press key．
3 Enter the set price and press cor－ responding Dept．key．The display indicates the amount of odd num－ bered quantity．
4 Enter tendered amount and press

5 天風

6 x風
$5000+1$

## Printout

| 01－21－2015 | 14：45 |
| :---: | :---: |
| REG | 000016 |
| 5 X |  |
| 6 X | ＠50．00 |
| DEPT01 | \＄41．67 |
| CASH | \＄50．00 |
| CHANGE | \＄8．33 |

 tion．

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Price reduction

## Sample Operation

| Item 1 | $\$ 10.00$ (reduce $\$ 0.05$ ) | 1 piece | Dept. 01 | Reducing $\$ 0.05$ from item 1 unit price. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Item 2 | $\$ 20.00$ (no reduction) | 1 piece | Dept. 02 |  |
| Payment | $\$ 30.00$ in cash |  |  |  |

Step
1 Register item 1.
2 Input reduction price (\$0.05 in this

3 Register item 2.
4 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUBE } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { key } \\ \hline}}{ }$
5 Enter the tendered amount then press $={ }^{\mathrm{cy} / \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{AmO}}$ key.

Operation
$1000+1$
5 \% (\%)
$2000-2$

## SUB



Printout

| $01-21-2015$ | $16: 20$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000025 |
|  |  |
| DEPTO1 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| - | -0.05 |
| DEPT02 | $\$ 20.00$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 29.95$ |
| CASH | $\$ 30.00$ |
| CHANGE | $\$ 0.05$ |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Refund

When a customer returned a goods for refund, use this feature. You can also use this feature for deposited bottle return.


## Sample Operation

| Returned Item 1 | $\$ 10.00$ | 1 piece | Dept. 01 | A customer returned one $\$ 10.00$ item (Dept. 01) and <br> Returned bottle$\quad \$ 0.10$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to RF position.
2 Enter the price of the returned goods and press corresponding Dept. key.
3 Register the second item.
4 Press sub key. The amount of the refund will be shown on the display.
5 Press $==^{\text {c/ } / \text { ATiou }}$ key.

Operation
$1000+1$


## Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $18: 40$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| RF |  | 000003 |
|  |  | $\$ 10.00$ |
| DEPTO1 |  | @0.10 |
|  | 5 X | $\$ 0.50$ |
| DEPT04 |  | $\$ 10.50$ |
| CASH |  |  |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To print reference numbers

As a memorandum, you can print a reference number on the receipt. You can use this feature in REG or RF modes.

RF

| Reference number | 12345 |  |  | Printing " 12345 " as a note on the receipt. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Item 1 | $\$ 25.00$ | 1 piece | Dept. 02 |  |

Step
1 Input a reference number from ten key pad, and press 愿駺 key.
2 Register item 1.
3 Finalize the transaction.

Operation

$2500-2$


## Printout

| \# |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| YOUR RECEIPT |  |
| THANK YOU |  |
| CALL | 12345 |
|  | AGAIN |
| O1-21-2015 | $10: 35$ |
| REG | 000009 |
| DEPT02 | $\$ 25.00$ |
| CASH | $\$ 25.00$ |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Corrections

## To correct erroneous item input before registration

When you made incorrect input before you register it in a department, you can correct it by using $\begin{array}{lc}\text { ac } C \\ \text { key. }\end{array}$


Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 1.00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | By mistake, you have entered $\$ 4.00$ instead of |
|  | Dept. | 01.00 for a Dept. 01 item. |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 1.00$ |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 By mistake, you have entered \$4.00 | 400 |  |
| for \$1.00 item. |  | YOUR RECEIPT THANK YOU CALL AGAIN |
| 2 Press $\triangle C 0$ key to cancel the wrong entry. | Ac ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 3 Input the correct unit price. Press | $100+1$ | 01-21-2015 09:45 |
| Dept. key. |  | REG 000004 |
| 4 Finalize the transaction. | ${ }^{\text {ch/ } / \text { Autiol }}$ | DEPT01 \$1.00 |
|  |  | CASH $\$ 1.00$ |

Erroneous input is not printed on the receipt.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To correct erroneous item input immediately after registration

If an item has been already registered in a Dept., use \%\% key to cancel the registration. This correction is effective just after a registration.

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 2.50$ | By mistake, you have pressed a Dept. key twice for |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Entering a unit price. | 250 |  |  |
|  |  | 01-21-2015 | 18:20 |
| 2 By mistake, you have hit a Dept. key twice. | $\times 3 \times 3$ | REG | 000028 |
| 3 Press key to cancel the preced- | \% | DEPTO3 | \$2.50 |
| ing registration (the last $\times 3$ key). |  | ERR CORR | -2.50 |
| 4 Finalize the transaction. |  | CASH | \$2.50 |

Basic setups and operations

## About HELP guidance

In any Mode switch position, pressing सELP key prints a guide menu shown below.


Enter the guidance number and press HEEP key. The printer prints the guidance what to be done. For example, enter 02 and press HELP key to print the guidance for programming tax table.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To preset discount rate to key

Presetting discount rate makes discount calculations quick and easy.
-Presetting discount rate

Sample Operation

| Discount rate | 10.5\% |  | Presetting 10.5\% to \%exek key. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step |  | Operation |  | Printout |  |
| 1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 1 and sole keys. Now, the Cash Register is in the setup mode. |  | $1{ }^{\text {S }}$ TOPB |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01-21-2015 } \\ & \text { P01 } \\ & \% \text { - } \end{aligned}$ | $14: 30$ 000013 10.5\% |
| 2 Enter the discount rate. You can set 2-digit integer and 2-digit decimal. |  | $10 \cdot 5$ |  |  |  |
| 3 Press \%uk key. |  | \% $2 \times 1 \times$ |  |  |  |
| 4 Press $\square$ TSUB key to complete the setting. |  | T SOBAL |  |  |  |

## Registering an item with preset discount rate



Sample Operation

| Item 1 | $\$ 10.00$ (preset $10.5 \%$ discount) | 1 piece | Dept. 01 | Discounting 10.5\% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Item 2 | $\$ 20.00$ (no discount) | 1 piece | Dept. 02 |  |
| (preset) on item 1. |  |  |  |  |
| Payment | $\$ 30.00$ in cash |  |  |  |

Step
1 Turn the Mode switch to REG position. Enter the unit price of item 1, and press corresponding Dept. key.
2 Press \%ive key. The item 1 is registered with preset discount rate.
3 Register item 2.
4 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUOBL } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { key } \\ \hline}}{ }$
5 Enter the tendered amount then


Operation
$1000+1$

## Bors

$2000-2$

## SUB <br> TOTAL

$3000=\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{ALIT}$

## Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $18: 30$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000030 |
| DEPTO1 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| $10.5 \%$ | -1.05 |
| $\%-$ | $\$ 20.00$ |
| DEPTO2 | $\$ 28.95$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 30.00$ |
| CASH | $\$ 1.05$ |
| CHANGE |  |

NOTE If you press \%and after SOB key, discount is given to the total amount with preset rate.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To preset taxable statuses to departments

By default, taxable is preset to departments 5 through 12. By presetting taxable statuses to departments, the Cash Register performs tax calculations with the rate you have set on pages 18 and 19 "To set the language, date, time, and tax rates".

■ Presetting taxable statuses to departments
Sample Operation

| Tax status | Dept. 05 | Tax status 2 (10\%) | Presetting tax status 2 (10\%) to Dept. 05 and tax <br> status 3 (15\%) to Dept. 06. Ten and fifteen percent <br> tax rates have been set in "To set the language, <br> date, time, and tax rates" on pages 18 and 19 <br> as an example. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Dept. 06 | Tax status 3(15\%) |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 1 and sUB keys. Now, the Cash Register is in the setup mode.
2 Pressing $\underset{\text { Tam }}{\text { Tam }}$ key repeatedly changes the tax status indication as; T/S1 $\rightarrow \mathrm{T} / \mathrm{S} 2 \rightarrow \mathrm{~T} / \mathrm{S} 1 \& \mathrm{~T} / \mathrm{S} 2 \rightarrow \mathrm{~T} / \mathrm{S} 3 \rightarrow \mathrm{~T} /$ S1 \& T/S3 $\rightarrow$ T/S2 \& T/S3 $\rightarrow$ ALL $\rightarrow$ NON TAX. Select the tax status you wish to set. In this example, T/S2.
3 Press corresponding Dept. key. In this example, Dept. 05. If you wish to set the same tax status to another department, press the Dept. key consecutively.
4 Press $\underset{\text { Tam }}{\text { Tam }}$ key twice. The tax status indication changes to T/S3. After then, press corresponding Dept. key.
5 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting.

## Operation

1 STOB
1 total

## Printout

| 01-21-2015 |  | $16: 10$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| P01 |  | 000018 |
|  | T2 |  |
| DEPT05 | T3 |  |
| DEPT06 |  |  |

5

## 

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## ■To register taxable items

Sample Operation

| Item 1 | $\$ 10.00$ | 1 piece | Dept. 05 (TS2: $5 \%$ tax) | Registering item 1 to Dept. 05 (preset |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Item 2 | $\$ 20.00$ | 1 piece | Dept. 06 (TS3: $15 \%$ tax) | tax status 2; $5 \%$ tax) and item 2 to |
| Payment | $\$ 50.00$ in cash | Dept. 06 (preset tax status 3: $15 \%$ tax) |  |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to REG position and register items 1 and 2.

2 Enter tendered amount and finalize the transaction.

Operation
10005
20006


By the above operation, Cash Register prints the following receipt.

| 01-21-2015 | 16:15 |  | 1 | Tax status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REG | 000024 |  | 2 | Taxable amount |
|  | - | -1 | 3 | Tax amount |
| DEPT05 | T2 \$10.00 |  |  |  |
| DEPT06 | T3 \$20.00 |  |  |  |
| TA2 | \$10.00 | - 2 |  |  |
| TAX2 | \$1.00 | -3 |  |  |
| TA3 | \$20.00 |  |  |  |
| TAX3 | \$3.00 |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | \$34.00 |  |  |  |
| CASH | \$50.00 |  |  |  |
| CHANGE | \$16.00 |  |  |  |

## $\square$ To change tax statuses (Tax shift)




| Preset tax status | Pressing [a/tiss | Pressing [0/153 ${ }^{\text {c/ }}$ key. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non tax | Tax status 1 | Tax status 2 |
| Tax status 1 | Non tax | Tax statuses 1 and 2 |
| Tax status 2 | Tax statuses 1 and 2 | Non tax |
| Tax status 3 | Tax statuses 1 and 3 | Tax statuses 2 and 3 |

## Sample Operation

Department 01 is non-tax Dept. But pressing rantsiss key shifts the department to Tax status 1.

| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Prior to a registration, press | Ratiss |  |  |
| key. |  | 01-21-2015 | 18:30 |
| 2 Register an item. | $1000+1$ | REG | 000030 |
|  |  | DEPTO1 | T1 \$10.00 |
| 3 Finalize the transaction. |  | TA1 | \$10.00 |
|  |  | TAX1 | \$0.50 |
| item to non-tax Dept. |  | CASH | \$ 10.50 |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To preset unit price to each department

## ■ Presetting unit prices to departments

You can preset a unit price to corresponding department to make registrations quick and easy.


PGM

## Sample Operation



3 Perform the same operation for other Depts.
4 Press $\frac{\text { SUB }}{}$ TOTAL key to complete the
$525 \times 3$ setting.

## Registering items with preset prices

By presetting unit prices to departments, you can register items just by pressing Dept. keys.


## Sample Operation



If you enter unit price by ten key prior to the Dept. key, the preset price becomes ineffective, and entered price is registered.

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To preset item names to departments

By presetting item names to departments, the names are printed on a receipt. You can choose an item name from 200 item list.

## ■ Programming item names to departments

PGM

## Sample Operation

| Item | Dept. 02 | MAGAZINE | Presetting "MAGAZINE" to Dept. 02 and <br>  "BOpt. 03 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 2 and $\frac{\text { SUB }}{\text { TOTAL }}$ keys. The Cash Register becomes program mode.
2 Press 10 and HELP keys. Printer prints the category list.
3 Enter the category number (in this example, 210: BOOK, STATIONERY) and press HELP key. Printer prints the item code list of the category.
4 Enter the item code, in this example, 040 for MAGAZINE and press corresponding Dept. key.
5 Enter the item code for the next item (in this example, 044 for BOOK) and press corresponding Dept. key.
6 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUBL } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting. If you wish to set an item name of another category, repeat from step 3.

## Operation

2 SUB
total

10 HELP

210 HELP
$0400-2$
$0 \longdiv { 4 } 4 \times 3$

Printout
Category list

```
110:ARTICLE SALE
210:B00K, STATIONERY
310:ELECTRONIC GOODS
410:DRESSING
510:SERVICE
610:PHARMACY
710:FOODSTUFFS
810:MEAL
910:OTHERS
ENTER XXX AND PRESS
<HELP> TO SEE DEPT/PLU
NAME.
```

Item code

```
210:BOOK, STATIONERY
036 : CD
037 : DVD
038 : ALBUM
039 : COMIC
040 : MAGAZINE
041 : GUIDE
042 : SUPPLIES
O43 : HOBBY
044 : BOOK
045 : NEWSPAPE
046 : STATIONE
047 : LITERARY
048 : PAPERBAC
049 : DICTIONA
050 : CALCULAT
051 : MAP
```


## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## ■ Registering items with preset names

The item names programmed by the above procedures are printed on receipts.

Sample Operation
PGM

| Item | Dept. | Unit Price | Quantity | Preset item name | Registering Dept. 02 <br> (preset as MAGA- <br> ZINE) and Dept. 03 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 02 | $\$ 8.75$ | 1 | MAGAZINE | BOOK | | ZINO |
| :--- |
| (BOOK) items. |

Step
1 Turn the Mode switch to REG position. Enter the unit price and press corresponding Dept. key. If a preset price is programmed to the Dept. key, just press the Dept. key.
2 Register the other item.
3 Finalize the transaction. The item names, MAGAZINE, and BOOK will be printed on the receipt.

Operation
875 -2
$1550 \times 3$

## Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $15: 15$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000020 |
| MAGAZINE | $\$ 8.75$ |
| BOOK | $\$ 15.50$ |
| CASH | $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 2 5}$ |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## To preset PLUs

Apart from departments, you can preset unit prices and item names by using PLU (Price Look Up) feature. You can preset prices and names for up to 2000 PLU items.

## -Presetting unit prices to PLUs

## Sample Operation

| PLU item | PLU No. | Unit Price | Presetting $\$ 8.50$ to PLU 5 and $\$ 14.00$ to PLU 123. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5 | $\$ 8.50$ |  |
|  | 123 | $\$ 14.00$ |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 1 and sUB keys. Now, the Cash Register is in the setup mode.
2 Input a PLU number and press PLU key.
3 Enter the unit price and press

4 Perform the same operation for the next PLU item.

5 Press SUL key to complete the setting.

## Further operation:

- To link PLU items to department (page 57).


## Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $14: 00$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| P01 | 000007 |
| PLU0005 | \#0005 |
| PLU0123 | @8.50 |
|  | \#0123 |
|  | @14.00 |

$\qquad$

SUB
TOTAL


5 PLU
$850=1$

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## ■ Naming PLU items

From 200 item name list, you can preset item names to PLU items.


## PGM

## Sample Operation

| PLU item | PLU No. | Item name | Item name No. |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | 5 | UMBRELLA | 061 | Presetting PLU No. 5 as UMBRELLA and |
|  | 123 | SHIRT | 077 |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 2 and $\underset{\text { TOTAL }}{\text { SUB }}$ keys to set the Register in the program mode.
2 Input the PLU number (in this case 5) and press PLU key.

3 Press $工$ Key.
4 Input the item name code (in this case 061: UMBRELLA) and press

You can refer item name codes by the printout using HELP key (see page 39).
5 Repeat steps 2 through 4 for the next PLU item (in this example, PLU 123, item name code 077: SHIRT).

6 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting.

Operation

2 SUB

5 PLU
\%
$061==^{c \pi / 14 \pi T}$

Printout

| $01-21-2015$ | $13: 15$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| P02 | 000008 |
| UMBRELLA | $\# 0005$ |
| SHIRT | $\# 0123$ |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## ■ Registering PLU items

By entering a PLU number, preset unit price is automatically registered with pre-
set name.

REG
OFF.
RF:
Sample Operation

| PLU item | PLU No. | Preset unit price | Quantity | Item name | Registering two of PLU 5 items (UMBRELLA, \$8.50) and one PLU 123 item (SHIRT, \$14.00). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5 | \$8.50 | 2 | UMBRELLA |  |
|  | 123 | \$14.00 | 1 | SHIRT |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$50.00 |  |  |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to REG position. Input the PLU number ( 5 in this case) and press PLU key twice (for two pieces).
2 Enter the PLU number of the next item, and press PLU key.
3 Press solit key.
4 Input the tendered amount and
 transaction.

## Operation

5 PLU PLU

| 1 | 2 | 3 | $P L U$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## SUB



## Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $14: 45$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000016 |
|  |  |
| UMBRELLA | $\$ 8.50$ |
| UMBRELLA | $\$ 8.50$ |
| SHIRT | $\$ 14.00$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 3$ |
| CASH | $\$ 50.00$ |
| CHANGE | $\$ 19.00$ |

- If PLU name is not preset, PLU number is printed instead of an item name.
- If unit price is not preset, the Cash Register emits an error sound when the PLU number is assigned.


## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## Daily sales reports

## To print sales reports

At the end or middle of the business day, you can print categorized and summarized sales results of the day. $Z$ report clears all the sales data whereas the data remains in memory by $X$ report output.


- Please do not perform the Reset report $(Z)$ printing while your store is open. It clears all the sales data.
- Items that transactions have not been made will not be printed on the report.


## ■ Daily sales report

Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to X or Z position.


| 01-21-2015 | 19:25 | -1 | 1 | Date/time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Z | 000073 | -2 | 2 | Consecutive No. |
|  |  |  | 3 | Z report counter |
| 0000 DAILY | Z 0012 | - 3 | 4 | Dept. /Quantity |
| DEPT01 | 48 | -4 | 5 | Amount |
|  | \$50. 10 | $-5$ | 6 | Gross sales quantity |
| DEPT02 | 28 |  | 7 | Gross sales amount |
|  | \$76.40 |  | 8 | No. of net sales |
| DEPTO3 | 17 |  | 9 | Net sales amount |
|  | \$85.80 |  | 10 | Cash in drawer |
| DEPT20 | 4 |  | 11 | Charge in drawer |
|  | \$3.00 |  | 12 | Check in drawer |
| GROSS TOTAL | 108 | -6 | 13 | Credit in drawer |
|  | \$316.80 | - 7 | 14 | Taxable amount for tax rate 1 |
| NET TOTAL | No 46 | -8 |  |  |
|  | \$325. 13 | -9 |  |  |
| CAID | \$199.91 | -10 |  |  |
| CHID | \$16.22 | -11 |  |  |
| CKID | \$20.00 | -12 |  |  |
| CRID | \$85.00 | -13 |  |  |
| TA1 | \$105. 10 | -14 |  |  |



## $\square$ Periodic sales report

Apart from daily report, you can obtain periodic sales report. The register prints total sales data from the last periodic report. Namely, if you do this operation monthly, you can obtain monthly sales reports.

## Step

1 While Mode switch is in X or Z position, enter 100 from ten key pad


## Operation



Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $16: 15$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Z | 000001 |
| 0010 PERIODIC | Z 0001 |
|  |  |
| GROSS TOTAL | 24 |
| NET TOTAL | No |
|  | \$1,056.00 |
|  | 21 |

## To use the Cash Register's basic function

## ■ PLU report

You can issue PLU sales report.


## Advanced features

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## Advanced features

## Receipt control

To save paper, you can stop receipt print and, even in the paper saving mode, the Cash Register is able to print the receipt of immediately preceding transaction.

## To not print receipts

If you do not need to print out receipts, use the paper saving mode.
1 To set the Cash Register in paper saving mode, just press [PAPER SAVING] key.
The printer will not print any receipt.
NOTE

- Even in the paper saving mode, transactions are stored in the Cash Register and, you can print $X$ or $Z$ reports.
- To unset the paper saving mode, press [PAPER SAVING] key again.


## To print receipts in paper saving mode

If you wish to issue a receipt in the paper saving mode, use post receipt feature.
1 After the finalization of a transaction, press [POST RECEIPT] key. The receipt of the transaction is issued.

[^0]
## Advanced features

## Character settings

Apart from the preprogrammed department or PLU names (see pages 39 and 42), you can attach names to departments and PLUs. The following clauses explain how to preset "FRUITS" to Dept. 10 and "ORANGE" to PLU 100.

## Character keyboard



1 Alphabet keys Hitting one of those keys repeatedly changes characters in the order shown in the table below.
2 Right cursor key Moves the cursor to the next digit.
3 DELETE key Clears the last inputted character.
4 DBL key Double size letter key. Assigns the next input character to be double-width character.
5 Clear key
Clears all the characters.

## Advanced features

| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B} \rightarrow \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{~b} \rightarrow \mathrm{c} \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow \ddot{\mathrm{~A}} \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow \dot{A} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{~A}} \rightarrow \dot{\mathrm{~A}} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{~A}} \rightarrow \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \ddot{\mathrm{a}} \rightarrow \\ & \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{C} \text { returns to the beginning } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9 | $\mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F} \rightarrow \mathrm{~d} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow \mathrm{f} \rightarrow \mathrm{~g} \rightarrow \mathrm{\oplus} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{E}} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{z} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{e}} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow$ <br> $f$ returns to the beginning |
| 4 | $\mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{~g} \rightarrow \mathrm{~h} \rightarrow \mathrm{i} \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{I}} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{I}} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{i} \rightarrow \mathrm{i}$ <br> returns to the beginning |
| 5 | $\mathrm{J} \rightarrow \mathrm{K} \rightarrow \mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{j} \rightarrow \mathrm{K} \rightarrow \mathrm{L} \rightarrow 5$ returns to the beginning |
| 6 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{M} \rightarrow \mathrm{~N} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow \mathrm{n} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{~N}} \rightarrow \dot{0} \rightarrow \varnothing \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{o}} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{o}} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{n}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{o}} \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \\ \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \text { returns to the beginning } \end{array}$ |
| 1 | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{Q} \rightarrow \mathrm{R} \rightarrow \mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{q} \rightarrow \mathrm{r} \rightarrow \mathrm{s} \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{B}$ returns to the beginning |
| 2 | $\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow \mathrm{t} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow \mathrm{TEL} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{U}} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{U}} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mu$ returns to the beginning |
| 3 | $\mathrm{W} \rightarrow \mathrm{X} \rightarrow \mathrm{Y} \rightarrow \mathrm{Z} \rightarrow \mathrm{W} \rightarrow \mathrm{X} \rightarrow \mathrm{y} \rightarrow \mathrm{z} \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{Y}} \rightarrow \ddot{\mathrm{y}} \rightarrow \mathrm{y}$ returns to the beginning |
| 0 | 0 |
| 00 | (Right cursor) |
| - | (Delete) |
| 7 |  |

## Character setting display

Setting digit is displayed in a reversed character.


Present digit of cursor. Double width character is counted as 2.

## Advanced features

## To set characters to departments and PLUs

## ■ Setting characters to departments



PGM

## Sample Operation

|  | Category name | Setting category name "FRUITS" to Dept. 10. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dept. 10 | FRUITS |  |

Step
1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM posi-

## Operation

$2 \longdiv { \text { TOTA } }$ tion and press 2 and $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TTOL } \\ \text { keys }}}{ }$ to make the Register in the program mode.
2 Press Dept. key you wish to set to. In this example, Dept. 10.
3 Press 자N (DBL) key to assign the next character as double-width character.
4 Press 9 key three times for letter F.

5 Press (xixi (DBL) key to release double-width assignment.
6 Press 1 key three times for letter R.

7 Press 2 key twice for letter U.
8 Set the rest of characters "ITS".

## Printout

| 01-21-2015 | $14: 40$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| P02 | 000012 |
| FRUITS | $\# 10$ |

## Advanced features

## ■ Registering an item to a character preset department

After a category name of a department is set, the Cash Register prints following receipt when an item is registered to the department.
After $1000010=$ CM/AMITO

REG


```
01-21-2015 14:42
REG 000015
FRUITS T1 $10.00
TA1 $10.00
TAX1 $0.50
CASH $10.50
```


## ■ Setting characters to PLUs



PGM

## Sample Operation

|  | Item name | Setting item name "APPLE" to PLU100. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PLU100 | APPLE |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 2 and $\underset{\text { TTOTAL }}{\text { SUB }}$ to make the Register in the program mode.
2 Enter the PLU number you wish to set to and press PLU key.
3 Press $\triangle C$ key if you wish to clear present PLU name.
4 Enter item name (APPLE in this example) using multi typing keyboard.
 name. Repeat steps 2 through 5 for other PLU items.
6 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUOL } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting.

## Operation

2 SUB
total

## Advanced features

## ■ Registering character preset PLU items

After the above setting, the register prints the following receipt by the operation $1000 \mathrm{PLU}=\mathrm{CM} / \mathrm{ALOT}$ in REG mode.

REG

PGiM

| 01-21-2015 | $15: 12$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000018 |
| APPLE | $\$ 1.23$ |
| CASH | $\$ 1.23$ |

An error occurs if unit price is not set to the PLU number. See page 41 for setting PLU unit price.

## Advanced features

## Other character settings

You can also set clerk names and receipt messages.

## $\square$ Setting receipt message

There are five lines for receipt message as shown below.


[^1]You can set message line by line.

## Sample Operation

| Line No. 1 | CASIO | Programming to print CASIO on top of the receipt. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 2 and TSOBAL keys to make the Register in the program mode.
2 Enter the message number (in this example 1), and press CH key. The Register is set to program the first line of the receipt message.
3 Input message of the first line.
In this example, CASIO.

## Operation

## 2 <br> SUB TOTAL

 <DBL> <C> < >>A>

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | <S> <l> 666

<O>
4 Press $={ }^{\text {ch } / \text { ATim }}$ key to set the message of the first line. If you CA/ AMT wish to set another line, repeat steps 2 through 4.
5 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SOTAL } \\ \text { TOTA }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting.

1 CH

## Advanced features

## - Issuing receipts with preset message

After the above setting, the Cash Register issues the following receipts when transactions are made in REG mode.

REG
OFF: (3)


## ■ Setting clerk name

You can set clerk name so that the Register prints the name of the clerk in charge.


PGM

NOTE To print clerk name, you must program to force clerk number entry. (See page 68)

## Sample Operation

| Clerk No. 1 | MARY | Programming clerk No. 1 MARY. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Step

 Operation1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 2 and
$\qquad$ keys to make the Register in the program mode.
2 Enter the clerk number you wish to set name. In this example 1. Then press \%rey.
3 Program the clerk name using multi typing keyboard.


1 \% \%

| 6 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | <M><A> <R>

3 3 3
<Y>
4 Press $={ }^{\text {c/ } / \text { ANTiO }}$ key to set the name. If you wish to set another name, repeat steps 2 through 4.
5 Press sumb key to complete the setting.

## Advanced features

## ■ Printing clerk name on the receipt

After the above setting, the Cash Register issues the following receipt in REG mode when the clerk has signed on.

1 \begin{tabular}{|lr|}

\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{| O1-21-2015 |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG MARY |} <br>

\hline DEPTO2 \& $14: 20$ <br>
DEPTO3 \& $\$ 00014$ <br>
CASH \& $\$ 3.50$ <br>
\& $\$ 5.25$ <br>
\hline $\mathbf{8 . 7 5}$ <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

To print clerk name, you must program to force clerk number entry by D3 of "Overall settings of Cash Register (Set code 0622)". (page 68)

## Advanced features

## To link PLU items to departments

You can link PLU items to corresponding departments. For example, link PLU 100 (Apple) to Dept. 10 (Fruits).

## Linking PLU items to departments

Sample Operation

| PLU No. | Linking Dept. | Linking PLU 100 to Dept. 10. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 100 | Dept. 10 |  |



NOTE By default, all the PLUs are linked to Dept. 24.

## - About PLU tax status

Tax statuses of PLUs accord with the linked departments as shown below.


[^2]
## Advanced features

## ■ Registering PLU item linked to a department

When you register preset PLU item, linked department number is not printed on the receipt but it is categorized in the corresponding department.

## Receipt

| 01-21-2015 |  | $15: 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| REG |  | 000018 |
|  | T1 | $\$ 1.23$ |
| APPLE | $\$ 1.23$ |  |
| TA1 | $\$ 0.56$ |  |
| TAX1 | $\$ 1.29$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 1$ |  |

## X/Z Report



1 Dept. 10 with preset name

## Advanced features

## Simple settings

## ■ Simple setting of key catch tones

You can set whether to sound key catch tones or not by simple programming.

Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 1 and
$\qquad$ keys.
2 Input 10800 from ten key pad and press ${ }^{\text {SOTB }}$ key.

## STOTAL

108000
$1==^{\mathrm{CN} / \mathrm{ANATO}}$

3 Input 0 (sound key catch tones) or 1 (not sound key catch tones) and press $={ }^{\text {c/4 } / \mathrm{Acmim}}$ key. The example on the right is for not sounding key catch tones.

## ■ Simple setting of double height printing

By this setting, the Cash Register prints receipts with double height characters.

## Step

Operation
1 TOTABL

 - TEND

3 Input 0 (normal character height) or 1 (double character
 setting double height characters.

After the above setting, the Cash Register prints the following receipts in REG mode.

| $21-01-2015$ | $\begin{gathered} 09: 400 \\ 000003 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deprou | \$1.00 |
| Total | \$1.00 |
| CASH | \$1.00 |

## Advanced features

## Advanced programming

## To program advanced features to departments

You can also program the following features to the departments.
Minus unit price registration: Unit price registered in the department is stored as minus value. It is useful for refunded items or returned bottles.
Maximum digit limitation: To prevent wrong unit price entry, you can set the maximum number of digit for numeral entry.
Single item transaction: This feature finalizes the transaction just by hitting a Dept. key for single item registration. You do not need to press $={ }^{\mathrm{Cr} / \mathrm{ANTHO}}$ key to finalize.

## Advanced programming of Dept. keys



## Sample Operation

|  | (A) | (B) | (C) | Programming Dept. 02 as normal (not <br> negative price) Dept., 4-digit limitation, <br> and single transaction Dept. <br> Dept. 03 as minus price Dept., 5-digit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dept. 02 | Normal <br> Dept. | Maximum <br> 4-digit entry | Single item trans- <br> action dept. | Maximum <br> limitation, normal (not single item) <br> Dept. |
| Dinus <br> Dept. | Normal dept. |  |  |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 3 and $\underset{\text { TTOTAL }}{\text { SUB }}$ keys to make the Register in the program mode.
2 Referring the set code list A, B, and $C$ below, input the setting code. In this example, (A) 0 ; Normal dept., (B) 4 ; 4-digit limitation, and (C) 1 ; Single transaction. After then, press corresponding Dept. key.
3 By the same manner, program the set code to Dept. 03 as (A) 1 ; Negative Dept., (B) 5 ; 5-digit limitation, and (C) 0 ; Not single transaction Dept.
4 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting.

Operation


SUB

0 4 1 - 2
(A) (B) (C)
$150 \times 3$
(A) (B) (C)

## Advanced features

| Set code |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | Normal Dept. | 0 |  |
|  | Negative unit price allowable | No digit limitation for unit price | 1 |
| (B) | Maximum number of digit for unit prices (up to 8 digits) | 0 |  |
|  | Prohibit manual unit price entry (only preset price is registrable) | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
|  | Normal registration department | Single item transaction department | 9 |

* Default value of (A), (B), and (C) are "000".


## Single item transaction

By presetting a Dept. key as single item transaction department, you can transact an item just by pressing the Dept. key without any transaction key.

Single item transaction feature is not effective if a unit price is not preset to the corresponding department key.

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to REG position, just press a single item transaction Dept. key. In this example, Dept. 02.

## Operation

-2

| $21-01-2015$ | $17: 20$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000026 |
| DEPT02 | $\$ 3.50$ |
| CASH | $\$ 3.50$ |

## Advanced features

## To program advanced features of the function keys

 tures.

PGM

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 3 and
Operation
$\square$ keys.
2 Referring the following table, input the program code you wish to program. For example, to program \%ey as \%+ (premium) key, enter 0001.
3 Press corresponding function key.
4 Press
 key to complete the setting.



## ■ Programming

$\square$ key further functions

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D4 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D3 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D2 | Round off, omit fraction, or round up? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Round off =0 } \\ & \text { Omit = } 1 \\ & \text { Round up = } 2 \end{aligned}$ | 0, 1 or 2 | 0 |
| D1 | Use \%oke key as <\%->, <\%+>, or <Manual - Tax> key? | $\begin{aligned} & \%-=0 \\ & \%+=1 \end{aligned}$ <br> Manual - Tax $=2$ | 0,1 or 2 | 0 |

## Programming example

To set ${ }^{\text {Borks }}$ key as manual tax key, follow the undermentioned operation.

## $3 \begin{gathered}\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }\end{gathered}$

0002
After this setting, you can manually input tax amount. For example, to lay $\$ 1.25$ tax on $\$ 50.00$ Dept. 01 item, operate as follows.


| O1-21-2015 | $16: 15$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| REG | 000024 |
|  |  |
| DEPT01 | $\$ 50.00$ |
| TAX | $\$ 1.25$ |
| CASH | $\$ 51.25$ |
|  |  |

## Advanced features



| Description |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D4 | Use Finnish rounding? | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |
|  | Limit last 2 digits of numeral entry 00 or 50 ? <br>  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Limit the last digit of numeral entry 0 or 5 ? (Except CH and CR keys.) | c | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| D3 | Prohibit partial payment? <br> (Except CH and CR keys.) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D2 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D1 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## Advanced features

## To program advanced features of the Cash Register

To program the advanced settings of the register, please follow the operations shown below.

## Step

1 While Mode switch is in PGM position, press 3 and $\xrightarrow{\text { SOTB }}$ keys.
2 Referring the following table, input the set code you wish to program and press $\underset{T}{\text { sOTAL }}$ key. For example, to program overall features of Register, input 0622
3 Referring table of each program, input six-digit program code and press $=$ ca/ $/$ Aition key.

4 Press $\frac{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{\text { and }}$ key to complete the setting.

Set codes

| Set code | Items to set | Set code | Items to set |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 0322 | Tax related printings | 0822 | Print control of X/Z reports |
| 0422 | Country-specific rounding and tax system | 1022 | Operations in calculator mode |
| 0522 | Print control | 2022 | Display control |
| 0622 | Overall settings of the Register |  |  |

## Advanced features

## ■ Programming taxable item symbol printing（Set code：0322）

| Description |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D5 | Print T／S（tax symbol）？ | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 2 | 2 |
| D4 | Print Australian GST message？ | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 4 | 0 |
| D3 | Print TA1 on the receipt？ | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 7 |
|  | Print TA2 on the receipt？ | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print TA3 on the receipt？ | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| D2 | Print TA4 on the receipt？ | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ <br> （a＋b） <br> Add a and b | 1 |
|  | Print VAT（inclusive tax）on receipts？ | b | $\begin{gathered} \text { Print }=2 \\ \text { Not print }=0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| D1 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

＊Add a，b，and c．For example，to print TA1 $(\mathrm{a}=1)$ ，TA2 $(\mathrm{b}=2)$ ，and TA3 $(\mathrm{c}=4)$ ，D3 should be 7 ．

## Programming example

To program Print T／S on receipts（ $D 5=2$ ）／Print TA1，TA2，and TA3 on receipts（ $D 3=7$ ）／Print TA4 on receipts，and print VAT（ $\mathrm{D} 2=3$ ），operate as follows．


■ Country－specific rounding and tax systems（Set code：0422）

| Description |  |  |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 D5 | Rounding system（see tables below）   <br> 00：No rounding 01：IF1 02：IF2 <br> 03：Denmark 04：Norway 05：Singapore <br> 06：Finland 07：Australia 08：Canada <br> 09：New Zealand（A） 10：New Zealand（B）  <br> 11：Malaysia 12：Czech 13：South Africa |  |  |  | 00 to 13 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 00 \\ \text { to } \\ 1 \quad 3 \end{gathered}$ | Depend on the region |
| D4 | Tax system <br> 0：Single tax（1 to 4）1：USA 2：Canada <br> 3：Singapore |  |  |  | 0 to 3 | 0 to 3 | Depend on the region |
| D3 | Print invoice number on receipts？ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D2 | Always 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D1 | Display rounded value？ |  |  | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ <br> （a＋b） <br> Add a and b | 0 |
|  |  （Australian model only） |  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |

## Advanced features

Rounding systems for each country

| IF 1 rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST | Result |
| 0 to 2 | 0 |
| 3 to 7 | 5 |
| 8 to 9 | 10 |


| South African rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST | Result |
| 0 to 4 | 0 |
| 5 to 9 | 5 |


| IF 2 rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST | Result |
| 0 to 4 | 0 |
| 5 to 9 | 10 |


| New Zealander (A/B) rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST/ CA CG | Result |
| 0 to $4 / 5$ | 0 |
| $5 / 6$ to 9 | 10 |


| Danish rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last 2 digits of ST/ CA CG | Result |
| 00 to 24 | 00 |
| 25 to 74 | 50 |
| 75 to 99 | 100 |


| Malaysian rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST/ CA CG | Result |
| 0 to 2 | 0 |
| 3 to 7 | 5 |
| 8 to 9 | 10 |


| Singaporean rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of item, \%- REG | Result |
| 0 to 2 | 0 |
| 3 to 7 | 5 |
| 8 to 9 | 10 |


| Norwegian/Czech rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST | Result |
| 00 to 49 | 00 |
| 50 to 99 | 100 |


| Finnish rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST/ CA CG | Result |
| 0 to 2 | 0 |
| 3 to 7 | 5 |
| 8 to 9 | 10 |


| Canadian rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST/ CA CG | Result |
| 0 to 2 | 0 |
| 3 to 7 | 5 |
| 8 to 9 | 10 |


| Australian rounding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Last digit of ST/ CA CG | Result |
| 0 to 2 | 0 |
| 3 to 7 | 5 |
| 8 to 9 | 10 |

## Programming example

To program No rounding: (D6, D5 = 00)/Single tax system: $(\mathrm{D} 4=0) /$ Print invoice No. on receipts: $(\mathrm{D} 3=$ 1)/D2 should be 0/Display rounded amount (D1 = 1), operate as follows.
3 Total
TOTAL

## Advanced features

## ■ Programming print control (Set code: 0522)

| Description |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 | Use receipt or journal?* | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Receipt }=0 \\ & \text { Journal }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\square}{(a+b+c)}$ <br> Add a, b and c | 0 |
|  | Normal print or double length print on | b | $\begin{gathered} \text { Normal }=0 \\ \text { Tall }=2 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | Print total amount when finalized? | c | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| D5 | Print receipt message characters or graphic logo? |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Character }=0 \\ \text { Graphic }=1 \end{gathered}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D4 | Print the time on receipts? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 4 | 0 |
| D3 | Print consecutive number on receipts? | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\square}{(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})}$ <br> Add a, b and c | 0 |
|  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print detailed items on journal? | c | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| D2 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D1 | Printing density <br> Normal: 0, Dark: 1, Max. darkness: 2 |  | 0 to 2 | 0,1 or 2 | 0 |

* See page 75 for simple journal setting.


## Programming example

Using journal, Normal print width, Print total amount by subtotal key: ( $\mathrm{D} 6=1+0+4$ )/Character receipt message: ( $D 5=0$ )/Print time on receipts: ( $D 4=0$ )/Not print consecutive number, Print total amount by SOBA Sey ( $\mathrm{D} 3=1+2$ )/Print density: normal $(\mathrm{D} 1=0)$, operate as follows.
( Set data)

## Advanced features

## ■ Overall settings of Cash Register (Set code: 0622)

You can program the following features to the Cash Register.
(D6) Whether to sound key catch tone or not.
(D5) Whether to clear the key entry buffer when a receipt is issued.
Whether to reset the consecutive number after $Z$ report.
Allow to finalize minus total amount.
(D4) Whether to show seconds on the display or not.
(D3) Whether to use 00 key as $\langle 00\rangle$ or $\langle 000\rangle$ key.
Whether to force clerk number entry before registrations.
(D2) Whether to use multi typing system or character code entry system (see page 49) for character settings.
(D1) Whether to store electronic journal (see page 79) and sales data in an SD card or not.

| Description |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 | Sound key catch tone? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 4 | 0 |
| D5 | Clear key entry buffer when issuing receipt? | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\square}{(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})}$ <br> Add a, b and c | 0 |
|  | Clear consecutive number after Z report? | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow minus total finalization? | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| D4 | Show seconds on the display? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D3 | Use 00 key as <000> key? | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ <br> Add a and b | 0 |
|  | Force clerk number entry? | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| D2 | Character set method is multi typing or key code entry system? |  | Multi typing $=0$ <br> Key code $=2$ | 0 or 2 | 0 |
| D1 | Store electronic journal and sales data in an SD card for X report? | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $(a+b)$ <br> Add a and b | 0 |
|  | Store electronic journal and sales data in an SD card for Z report? | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

* Add $a, b$, and $c$. For example, to set clear key entry buffer: $a=1$, not clearing consecutive number: $b=2$, not allowing minus total finalization: $c=4$. The set value for $(B)$ is $1+2+4=7$.


## Programming example

Sound key catch tone: $(\mathrm{D} 6=0) /$ Clear consecutive number, Allow minus total finalization ( $\mathrm{D} 5=1+2+$ $4=7) /$ Show seconds on the display: $(D 4=1) /$ Not use 00 key as 000 key/Force clerk sign on (D3 = 2)/ Character setting method is multi typing: ( $\mathrm{D} 2=0$ )/Store electronic journal and sales data in an SD for X report/Not storing electronic journal and sales data in an SD card for $Z$ report ( $\mathrm{D} 1=1$ ), operate as follows.

## Advanced features

## Forcing clerk number entry

In the above program, if you set 2 or 3 to the set value of (D3), the Cash Register emits an alert and asks you to sign on when you operate the Cash Register without entering clerk number.
Clerk number or clerk name (see page 56) will be printed on receipts if clerk number entry is forced.
You can use up to eight clerk numbers or names.


1 Clerk No.

## ■ Print controls of X/Z report (Set code: 0822)

| Description |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D5 | Clear electronic journal after Z report? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D4 | Print total refunded amount? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D3 | Print zero amounts on reports? | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print GT (accumulated amount of the Register) on reports? | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ | Add a and b | 0 |
| D2 | Print invoice numbers on receipts? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 4 | 0 |
| D1 | Always 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## ■ Calculator mode settings (Set code: 1022)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D5 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D4 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D3 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D2 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $(a+b+c)$ <br> Add $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c | 0 |
|  | Open the drawer when ${ }_{\text {cink }}^{\text {CHK }}$ key is pressed? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Advanced features

■ Display control (Set code: 2022)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D6 | Display rear indicator? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D5 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D4 | Always 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| D3 | Light the illuminator? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| D2 | Illumination off timer. (00 to 59 minutes) |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 \quad 0 \\ \text { to } \\ 5 \quad 9 \end{gathered}$ | 20 |

## Advanced features

## Tax table

## To set tax table

You can set four kinds of tax table. By this table, you can set tax rates, rounding system, and add-in or add-on tax systems.


NOTE
The tax rates you have set in "To set the language, date, time, and tax rates" (pages 18 and $19)$ is replaced by the rate of this setting.

## Sample Operation

Setting 7.0 percent tax rate, rounding off, and add-on tax to tax table 1.

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 3 and Operation SOTAL keys.
2 Enter tax table number and press [TAX PGM] key. The example on the right is for assigning tax table 1.
3 Enter the tax rate in the range from 0.0001 to 99.9999 and press $={ }^{c / 4} /$ midi key. The example on the right is for setting 7.0 \%.
4 Referring the tables below, enter rounding (A), add-in/addon (B) codes, and press $={ }^{\text {c/4/AMITM }}$ key.


1 [TAX PGM]

(A) (B)

The example on the right is the code for rounding off, and add-on tax.
5 Press sumb key to complete the setting.

| Rounding system (A) |  |  | Add-in/Add-on (B) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cut off to 2 decimal places | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | No specifications | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Round off to 2 decimal places | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | Add-on tax | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Round up to 2 decimal places | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | Add-in tax (VAT) | $\mathbf{3}$ |
|  |  |  | Tax on tax | $\mathbf{4}$ |  |
|  |  |  | VAT on tax (Thai system) | $\mathbf{6}$ |  |

## Printing programmed data

## Checking your program

You can check programmed data you have set.

■ To check settings (other than PLU)

Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press $\square$ $\underset{\text { SOTAL }}{\text { SOB }}$

## TOUB

 key.| 01-21-2015 | 16:40 |
| :---: | :---: |
| P03 | 000028 |
| FRUITS | \#01 |
| 0000 | @0. 98 |
| VEgetables | \#02 |
| 0000 | @2. 05 |
| FISH | \#03 |
| 0000 | @3. 15 |
| MEAT | \#04 |
| 0000 | @15.30 |
| CASH | \#01 |
| 0000 |  |
| CHARGE | \#02 |
| 0000 |  |
| CHECK | \#03 |
| 0000 |  |
| CREDIT | \#04 |
| 0000 |  |
| - | \#07 |
| \%- | \#08 |
| 0000 | 0\% |
| T/S1 | \#23 |
| 0100 |  |
| T/S2 | \#24 |
| 0200 |  |
| 10200 | 0 |
| 10800 | 0 |
| 10900 | 0 |
| 0001-22 | 000012 |
| 0002-22 | 000000 |
| 0003-22 | 020730 |
| 0004-22 | 000101 |
| 0005-22 | 501300 |

1 Dept. name and price
2 Transaction key setting
3 Reduction and discount settings
4 Tax shift settings
5 Receipt/Journal setting
6 Key catch tone setting
7 Storing in SD card setting
8 Set code and set data

## Advanced features

| 0028－22 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MARRY | \＃017 |
| JOHN | \＃02 |
| MAC | \＃03 |
| CLERKO4 | \＃04 |
| CLERK05 | \＃05 |
| CLERK06 | \＃06 |
| CLERK07 | \＃07 |
| CLERK08 | \＃08 |
| 0001－25 |  |
| TAX1 | 5\％ |
| TAX1 | 0000 |
| TAX1 | 5003 |
| 0002－25 |  |
| TAX2 | 10\％ |
| TAX2 | 0000 |
| TAX2 | 5003 |
| 0003－25 |  |
| TAX3 | 15\％ |
| TAX3 | 0000 |
| TAX3 | 5003 |
| 0004－25 |  |
| TAX4 | 20\％ |
| TAX4 | 0000 |
| TAX4 | 5003 |
| CASIO | \＃01 |
| YOUR RECEIPT |  |
| THANK | \＃04 |
| CALL AGAIN |  |
| －cat | \＃06 |

9 Clerk names settings
10 Tax rate settings
11 Receipt message settings

## Advanced features

To check PLU settings

## Step

1 While Mode switch is in PGM position, enter 10 and press SUB key.
Unit prices and item names preset to PLUs are printed.


## Advanced features

## To record business journal

## To use journal paper

Instead of issuing receipts, you can roll the printouts of transactions on the take up reel so that you can use the printouts as business journal.

## ■ Programming to print business journal

The following operations set the Cash Register to print business journal. By this setting, the printer omits receipt message, and the take up reel rolls the paper up.


PGM

| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM posi- | 1 ¢ |  |  |
| tion and press 1 and sub Sotal keys |  | 01-21-2015 | 11:45 |
| to make the Register in the program mode. |  | P01 | 000005 |
|  |  | PRINTER | Journal |
| 2 Press 1 and CH keys. The Register is set as journal printer. | 1 CH |  |  |
| 3 Press $\square$ $\xrightarrow{\text { STOTAL }}$ key to complete the setting. |  |  |  |

NOTE If you wish to resume receipt printing press 0 and CH keys in step 2.

## Setting journal paper

1 Remove the printer cover by lifting it up.


2 Press FEED key so that the paper is fed about 15 centimeters.
3 Remove the left side plate from the take up reel.

## Advanced features

4 Clip the paper between the shaft and hook by rolling the paper from top of the hook.
5 Roll the reel a few turns so that it holds the paper securely. After then replace the left side plate.


6 Place the take up reel behind the printer. Be sure that the shaft of the reel is in the groove of the compartment. Press $\sqrt[F E D]{ }$ key to reduce a slack of the paper. Make sure that the paper is rolled securely.
7 Replace the printer cover.

## ■ Compressed journal print

To save the paper, you can set the Register to print journals with compressed numbers and characters. To set compressed journal printing, press [PAPER SAVING] key while the Register is programmed to be journal printer.
cha

```
01-21-2015
        18:00
REG
DEPTO1
DEPTO2
DEPTO2
DEPTOZ
    000027
    $10.00
DEPTO3 - $20.00
CASH
$00-DO
```


## Advanced features

## Electronic journal

The Cash Register stores daily transactions in the memory and, you can call transactions in specific date.


## ■ To call business journal of specific date

Step Operation
1 Turn the Mode switch to $X$ position
 keys.
2 Input the date you wish to call in order of MM/DD/YY and press $=\frac{\mathrm{CM} / \mathrm{ManTO}}{}$ key. The example on the right is January 212015.
If you wish to obtain all the past
 without entering date.
3 If you wish to call specific transaction, input consecutive number of
 key. The Register prints transactions of the specific date.

| Printout |
| :--- |
| $01-21-2015$ $15: 30$ <br> X 000025 <br> 0058 EJ X <br>   <br> $01-21-2015$ $13: 15$ <br> P01 000020 <br> $01-21-2015$ $13: 18$ <br> X 00021 <br> 0000 DAILY X <br> $01-21-2015$ $14: 42$ <br> REG 000015 <br> DEPTO1 $\$ 1.00$ <br> DEPT02 $\$ 2.00$ <br> DEPTO3 $\$ 3.00$ <br> CASH $\$ 6.00$ <br> $01-21-2015$ $15: 25$ <br> X 000024 <br> O000 DAILY X <br> $01-21-2015$ $15: 30$ <br> X 000025 <br> 0058 EJ X |

## ■ To clear electronic journal data

Perform the above operations in Z mode.

[^3]
## Advanced features

To utilize an SD card

## To insert an SD card

## Important

- Insert the SD card in the direction so that the label of the card is facing upward.
- To extract the SD card, turn the Mode switch off and push the card once lightly. As the card will be popped out, pull it out.

1 Open the SD card compartment cover.

2 Insert an SD card all the way into the SD card slot. Diagonally cut part should be right upper corner.


## Advanced features

## To save or recall data in or from SD card

## ■ Saving sales data and electronic journal data in an SD card

You can store X, Z, or electronic journal data in an SD card.


PGM

## Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and press 1 and SOTAL keys.
2 Enter 1 key.
3 Input 1, 2 or 3 key depending on the storing data press $=$ cy/ HaidT key after then.

## 1 TOUB

\section*{| SUB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |}

1, 2 or 3
${ }^{\text {CN/ }}$ /

0 : Does not save in SD card
1: For X report
2: For Z report
3 : For $X$ and $Z$ reports
4 Issue the report you wish to store.
After issuing, selected data is saved in the SD card.

- Daily Z report
- Periodic X report
-Periodic Z report
- PLU X report
- PLU Z report


## - To back up Cash Register settings

You can back up the set data you have programmed in an SD card.

| Step | Operation | Printout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 While Mode switch is in PGM position, press 7 and TSUB keys. | 7 Total | 01-21-2015 17:15 |
| 2 Enter 4 1 1 4 keys from ten key pad and press $[$ TOTAL key. | \begin{tabular}{\|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline
\end{tabular} |  |
|  Cash Register prints "Data Backup Normal End". |  | SD <br> Data Backup Normal End |

## Advanced features

- To restore backed up program data from SD card

Step
1 While Mode switch is in PGM position, press 7 and $\qquad$ keys.
2 Enter $\begin{array}{llllll}4 & 1 & 0 & 4 & \text { keys from ten }\end{array}$ key pad and press suct key.
3 Press $\int^{\text {cc/ } / \text { /सiriol }}$ key. After for a while, Cash Register prints "Data Restore Normal End".

Operation
$7{ }^{\text {SOTABL }}$

|  | 1 | 0 | 4 | $\begin{array}{c}\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

```
Cc/AN+MT
```

Printout

| 01-21-2015 | 17:18 |
| :---: | :---: |
| P07 | 000011 |
| -------- ( | ----- |
| SD |  |
| Data Resto | mal End |

## Advanced features

## Calculator mode

## To use Cash Register as a Calculator

Using $+1,-2, \times 3, \boxed{+4}, \boxed{A C C}, \boxed{R A} /$ and $={ }^{C A / T A M T D}$ keys, you can use the Cash Register as a Calculator. You can also use the calculator during registrations.

## Example

Sample calculation
$5+3-2=$
Operation

Display

RPT
T1 T2 T3 T4 TOTAL CHANGE

12 percent on .1500

| 2 | 3 | -2 | 5 | $6 \times 3$ | 7 | $8={ }^{\text {CA/ANM }} /$ सENO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllllll}1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & \times 3 & 1 & 2\end{array}$

$(23-56) \times 78=$



səınłеәょ рәэиелр

## Advanced features

## Specifications

| Entry | 10-key system; Buffer memory 8 keys (2-key roll over) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Main display | 20 characters x 1 line 10-digit numeral x 1 line |
| Customer display | Amount 8 digits (zero suppression) |
| PRINTER |  |
| Receipt/Journal | Thermal alpha-numeric system 24 digits, receipt on/off key |
| Paper roll | 58 (W) x 80 (D) mm |
| Paper feed | Receipt or Journal |
| Print speed | 10 lines/second max. |
| Listing capacity |  |
| Amount | 99999999 |
| Quantity | 9999.999 |
| Tendered amount | 9999999999 |
| Percent | 99.99 |
| Tax rate | 9999.9999 |
| Numbers | 9999999999 |
| Chronological data |  |
| Date print | Automatic date printout on receipt or journal, automatic calendar |
| Time print | Automatic time printout on receipt or journal, 24-hour system |
| Alarm | Key catch tone, error alarm |
| Memory protection battery | The effective service life of memory protection batteries (two new size AA manganese batteries) is approximately one year from installation into the machine. |
| Power supply/power consumption | See the rating plate. |
| Operation temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $32{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |
| Humidity | 10 to $90 \%$ |
| Dimensions | $180 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 410 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 450 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D})\left(73 / 32^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{H}) \times 165 / 32^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{W}) \times 17\right.$ <br> $23 / 32^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{D})$ ) with medium size drawer. <br> $167 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 326 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 345 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D})\left(69 / 16^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{H}) \times 1227 / 32^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{W}) \times 13\right.$ $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{D})$ ) with small size drawer. |
| Weight | 7.3 kg (16.0 lbs.) with medium size drawer 3.3 kg ( 7.2 lbs .) with small size drawer |
| Accessories | Paper roll, Mode keys, Drawer key, Bill clip plate, Quick Start Guide |

[^4]
## Appendix

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## Character code

| Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Space | 32 | 0 | 48 | @ | 64 | P | 80 | ' | 96 | p | 112 | Ç | 128 |
| ! | 33 | 1 | 49 | A | 65 | Q | 81 | a | 97 | q | 113 | ü | 129 |
| " | 34 | 2 | 50 | B | 66 | R | 82 | b | 98 | $r$ | 114 | é | 130 |
| \# | 35 | 3 | 51 | C | 67 | S | 83 | c | 99 | s | 115 | â | 131 |
| \$ | 36 | 4 | 52 | D | 68 | T | 84 | d | 100 | t | 116 | ä | 132 |
| \% | 37 | 5 | 53 | E | 69 | U | 85 | e | 101 | u | 117 | à | 133 |
| \& | 38 | 6 | 54 | F | 70 | V | 86 | f | 102 | v | 118 | å | 134 |
| ' | 39 | 7 | 55 | G | 71 | W | 87 | g | 103 | w | 119 | ç | 135 |
| $($ | 40 | 8 | 56 | H | 72 | X | 88 | h | 104 | X | 120 | ê | 136 |
| ) | 41 | 9 | 57 | I | 73 | Y | 89 | i | 105 | y | 121 | ë | 137 |
| * | 42 | : | 58 | J | 74 | Z | 90 | j | 106 | z | 122 | è | 138 |
| + | 43 | ; | 59 | K | 75 | [ | 91 | k | 107 | \{ | 123 | ï | 139 |
| , | 44 | $<$ | 60 | L | 76 | 1 | 92 | 1 | 108 | 1 | 124 | î | 140 |
| - | 45 | = | 61 | M | 77 | ] | 93 | m | 109 | \} | 125 | I | 141 |
| . | 46 | > | 62 | N | 78 | $\wedge$ | 94 | n | 110 | $\sim$ | 126 | Ä | 142 |
| / | 47 | ? | 63 | 0 | 79 | - | 95 | o | 111 |  | 127 | Å | 143 |


| Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code | Chara | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| É | 144 | á | 160 |  | 176 | L | 192 | ð | 208 | Ó | 224 | - | 240 |
| æ | 145 | í | 161 | - | 177 | $\perp$ | 193 | Đ | 209 | B | 225 | $\pm$ | 241 |
| F | 146 | ó | 162 | $\square$ | 178 | T | 194 | É | 210 | Ô | 226 | - | 242 |
| ô | 147 | ú | 163 | \| | 179 | F | 195 | Ë | 211 | Ò | 227 | 3/4 | 243 |
| ö | 148 | ñ | 164 | $\dagger$ | 180 | - | 196 | E | 212 | õ | 228 | II | 244 |
| ò | 149 | N | 165 | Á | 181 | + | 197 | € | 213 | O | 229 | § | 245 |
| û | 150 | a | 166 | Â | 182 | ã | 198 | Í | 214 | $\mu$ | 230 | $\div$ | 246 |
| ù | 151 | $\bigcirc$ | 167 | À | 183 | Ã | 199 | Î | 215 | p | 231 | , | 247 |
| ÿ | 152 | ¿ | 168 | © | 184 | L | 200 | Ï | 216 | P | 232 | - | 248 |
| Ö | 153 | ® | 169 | $\dagger$ | 185 | $\Gamma$ | 201 | 」 | 217 | Ú | 233 | * | 249 |
| Ü | 154 | ᄀ | 170 | \| | 186 | $\perp$ | 202 | $\Gamma$ | 218 | Û | 234 | - | 250 |
| $\varnothing$ | 155 | 1/2 | 171 | 7 | 187 | T | 203 | $\square$ | 219 | Ù | 235 | 1 | 251 |
| £ | 156 | 1/4 | 172 | $\lrcorner$ | 188 | - | 204 | $\square$ | 220 | ý | 236 | 3 | 252 |
| $\varnothing$ | 157 | i | 173 | ¢ | 189 | - | 205 | I | 221 | Ý | 237 | 2 | 253 |
| $\times$ | 158 | " | 174 | $¥$ | 190 | + | 206 | Ì | 222 |  | 238 | - | 254 |
| $f$ | 159 | " | 175 | I | 191 | a | 207 | $\square$ | 223 |  | 239 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Double } \\ \text { size } \end{gathered}$ | 255 |

## Appendix

## Error code

| Error code | Guidance on the display | Cause | Solution |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E001 | Wrong mode | Mode switch position has been <br> changed before finalization. | Return the Mode switch to its original <br> setting and finalize the operation. |
| E008 | Please sign on | Registration without entering a clerk <br> number. | Input a clerk number. |
| E010 | Close the platen arm | Platen arm is not closed. | Close the platen arm firmly. |
| E014 | Paper end | There is no paper. | Insert paper. |
| E029 | In the tender operation | Item registration is prohibited while <br> partial tendering. | Finalize the transaction. |
| E046 | REG buffer full | Register buffer is full. | Finalize the transaction. |
| E081 | EJ Full | Electronic journal memory is full. | Print reset (Z) report of electronic <br> journal. |
| E090 | Totals remain in the memory | Totals not cleared at the end of the <br> day. | Perform reset (Z) reporting. |
| E100 | Insert SD | No SD card is inserted. | Insert an SD card. |
| E101 | Illegal Format | SD card is not formatted correctly. | Format the SD card. |
| E102 | File not found | There is no relevant file in the SD <br> card. | Create the file in the SD card. |
| E103 | SD memory full | No space in the SD card. | Create space in the SD card. |
| E104 | Check the write protect <br> switch | Write protect switch of the SD card <br> is on. | Turn the write protect switch off. |
| E109 | SD card Error End | SD card error | Format or replace the SD card. |
| E139 | Negative balance is not <br> allowed | The result of the transaction is <br> minus. | Register properly |

## Appendix

## About sales data storage in an SD card

Storing sales data in an SD card depends on the setting of 10900 Saving sales data and electronic journal data in an SD card.

## ■ Totalizers to store sales data

The following files data are subject to be stored. Group range, department range, or flash report data will not be stored.

| 001 | Fixed adder |
| :--- | :--- |
| 002 | Free function |
| 004 | PLU |
| 005 | Department |
| 011 | Clerk |
| 020 | Grand total |

## $\square$ Folder and file names of stored sales data

<Folder name>
ICASIOISES100IXZlyyyylmml
yyyy: Year
mm : Month
<File name>
Xxxx_dda.CSV
X: Mode X or Z
xxx: 3-digit file number
dd: date
a: Identifier for the same file name
The first save of the day: none
The second save (in the same folder) of the day: A
The fourth save (in the same folder) of the day: B
l
The 27th save (in the same folder) of the day: $Z$
The 28th save (in the same folder) of the day: Error (SD CARD FULL error)
<Example>
File names of lump X report
Issuing lump X report on March 13, 2015.
$\downarrow$
$\downarrow$ The following files are created.
$\downarrow$
ICASIOISES100IXZXI2015\031X001_13.CSV
X002_13.CSV
X005_13.CSV
X011_13.CSV
$\downarrow$
Issuing lump $X$ report on the same day.
ICASIOISES100\XZZ2015\03\X001_13A.CSV (with the extension "A")
X002_13A.CSV (ditto)
X005_13A.CSV (ditto)
X011_13A.CSV (ditto)

## Appendix

## ■ CSV file format of the sales data

Sales data are stored in the CSV format as described below.
Number of fields vary by the type of the totalizer.

| "MACHINE | $"$, ,"MC\#01 |
| :--- | :--- |
| "MODE | $", " X " "$ |
| "Z COUNTER | $", " 0000 "$ |
| "DATE | $", " 16-03-2015 "$ |
| "TIME | ", "21:39" |


| "RECORD | $"$, , "DESCRIPTOR ", "QUANTITY/No ", "AMOUNT |
| :--- | :--- |
| "0001", "GROSS | ", "0", "0.00" |
| "0002", "NET | ", "0", "0.00" |
| "0003", "CAID | ", "0", "0.00" |

■ Folder and file names of electronic journal
<Folder name>
ICASIOISES100IXZ
<File name>
EJddmmy.TXT
EJ......Fixed
dd......Date
mm...Month
yy......Year

## Appendix

## Tax table programming

## Programming U.S.tax tables

Before you can program a U.S. tax table, you must first calculate the program data. The partial tax table shown below is for a tax rate of $7.0 \%$. A tax amount is applied for each price range, which is defined by a low end minimum break point. If you subtract each maximum break point from the next lower maximum break point, you should soon be able to see certain patterns. In a cyclic pattern, the differences in maximum breakpoints form a regularly repeating cycle. A pattern which does not fit the cyclic pattern is called non-cyclic pattern.
Though rate, it is conceivable that you can find that subtracting maximum breakpoints results in an one big non-cyclic pattern. In this case, you won't be able to use automatic tax calculation, and must enter the tax for each transaction manually or use a tax rate.

## ■ Example 1: Add-on rate tax

Preparation

| Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal) | $7.0 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tax table maximum value ("0" means unlimited) | 0 (no limitation) |  |
| Rounding/tax table system code | 5002 (Round off) |  |
| Sum of a cyclic pattern | 0 |  |
| Number of values in each cyclic pattern | 0 |  |
| Number of values in each non-cyclic pattern | 0 |  |
| Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values 0 | 0 |  |

## Programming procedure:

NOTE Refer to page 71 "To set tax table" for setting tax table.

## ■ Example 2: Without rate tax

## Preparation

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { TAX } \\ & (6 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Price range |  | Max. break point |  | Difference | Pattern |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min. break point | Max. break point | Upper | Lower |  |  |
| \$ . 00 | $\$ .01$ .11 | $\$ .10$ | -10-0 = |  | 10 14 | Non-cyclic |
| . 02 | . 25 | . 41 | -- 41 | $24=$ | 17 |  |
| . 03 | . 42 | . 58 |  | $41=$ | 17 | Cyclic |
| . 04 | . 59 | . 74 | 74 | $58=$ | 16 |  |
| . 05 | . 75 | . 91 |  | $74=$ | 17 |  |
| . 06 | . 92 | 1.08 | 108 | $91=$ | 17 | Cyclic |
| . 07 | 1.09 | 1.24 |  | $108=$ | 16 |  |


| Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal) | $0 \%$ (Table only) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum table amount ("0" means unlimited) | 0 (Table only) |
| Rounding system (A) and tax system of add-in or add-on (B) codes (see pages <br> 60 and 61) | 01 (Table only) |
| Sum of a cyclic pattern | $50(17+17+16)$ |
| Number of values in each cyclic pattern | 3 |
| Sum of non-cyclic values | $24(10+14)$ |
| Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values | $10,14,17,17,16$ |

## Appendix

## Programming procedure:



You must enter these values in 4-digit block. If the last block comes out to be only two digits, add two zeros.

## Appendix

## ■ Example 3: With rate tax:

## Preparation

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { TAX } \\ & (7 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Price range |  | Max. break point |  | Difference | Pattern |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min. break point | Max. break point | Upper | Lower |  |  |
| \$.00 | \$ .01 | \$. 07 | - 7 | 0 = | 7 | Non-cyclic |
| . 01 | . 08 | 21 | -21 | 7 $=$ | 14 |  |
| . 02 | . 22 | . 35 |  | $21=$ | 14 |  |
| . 03 | . 36 | . 49 | 49 | $35=$ | 14 |  |
| . 04 | . 50 | . 64 |  | $49=$ | 15 | Cyclic |
| . 05 | . 65 | . 78 | 78 | $64=$ | 14 |  |
| . 06 | . 79 | . 92 |  | $78=$ | 14 |  |
| . 07 | . 93 | 1.07 | 107 | -92 = | 15 |  |
| . 08 | 1.08 |  |  | $107=$ | 14 |  |
| . 09 | 1.22 | 1.35 | 135 | $121=$ | 14 |  |
| . 10 | 1.36 | 1.49 |  | $135=$ | 14 |  |
| 11 | 1.50 | 1.64 | 164 | $149=$ | 15 | Cyclic |
| . 12 | 1.65 | 1.78 | 178 | $164=$ | 14 |  |
| 13 <br> 14 | 1.79 | 1.92 |  | $178=$ | 14 |  |
| 14 | 1.93 | 2.07 | 207 | $192=$ | 15 |  |
| 1.40 | 19.93 | 20.07 |  |  |  |  |
| On all sales above $\$ 20.07$, compute the tax at the rate of $7 \%$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal) | $7 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum table amount | 2007 |
| Rounding system (A) and tax system of add-in or add-on (B) codes (see pages <br> 60 and 61) | 0002 (Cut off \& table + rate) |
| Sum of a cyclic pattern | $100(14+14+14+15+14+14+15)$ |
| Number of values in each cyclic pattern | 7 |
| Sum of non-cyclic values | 7 |
| Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values | $14,14,14,15,14,14,15$ |

## Appendix

## Programming procedure:



## Appendix

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## CASIO.


[^0]:    NOTE

    - You can issue a receipt only for the immediately preceding transaction.

[^1]:    1 Line No. 1
    2 Line No. 2
    3 Line No. 3
    4 Line No. 4
    5 Line No. 5

[^2]:    NOTE
    Please refer to "To preset taxable statuses to departments" (page 36) and "To set tax table" (page 71).

[^3]:    nOTE
    To save electronic journal data in an SD card, follow "Saving sales data and electronic journal data in an SD card" (page 79) first.

[^4]:    * Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

