# Operation Guide 3429 

## Getting Acquainted

Congratulations upon your selection of this CASIO watch. To get the most out of your purchase, be sure to read this manual carefully.

## Warning !

- The measurement functions built into this watch are not intended for use in taking measurements that require professional or industrial precision. Values produced by this watch should be considered as reasonably accurate representations only.
- The longitude, lunitidal interval, moon age and tide graph data that appear on the display of this watch are not intended for navigation purposes. Always us proper instruments and resources to obtain data for navigation purposes. This watch is not an instrument for calculating low tide and high tide times. Th tidal movements only.

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## General Guide

- Press © to change from mode to mode
- In any mode (except when a setting screen is on the display), press (B) to illuminate the display.


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## Timekeeping



Setting the Time and Date
This watch is preset with UTC differential values that represent each time zone around the globe. Before setting the time, be sure to set the UTC differential for your Home Site first, which is the location where you normally will be using the watch - Note that World Time Mode times (page E-21) are all displayed based on the time and date settings you configure in the Timekeeping Mode.

## To set the time and date



1. In the Timekeeping Mode, hold down (A) until the seconds start to flash, which indicates the setting screen.

- Be sure to configure the correct UTC differential for your Home site before configuring any other Timekeeping Mode settings.
See the "UTC Differential/City Code List" at the back of this manual for information about the UTC differential settings that are supported


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2. Press (C) to move the flashing in the sequence shown below to select other

3. When the setting you want to change is flashing, use (D) and (B) to change it as

| Screen | To do this: | Do this: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EI | Reset the seconds to $\mathbf{4 0}$ | Press (D). |
| \% FF | Toggle between Daylight Saving Time (fif) and Standard Time ( $\mathbf{i}$ FF) | Press (D). |


| Screen | To do this: | Do this: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + 97 | Specify the UTC differential | Use (D) (+) and (B) (-). |
| ${ }^{P} 18: 50$ | Change the hour or minutes | Use ( ${ }^{\text {( }}(+)$ and ( ${ }^{\text {( }}(-)$. |
| Eintithey | Change the year, month, or day | Use (D) (+) and (B) ( - ). |

- See "Daylight Saving Time (DST) Setting" (page E-12) for details about the DST setting
- The UTC differential setting range is -12.0 to +14.0 , in 0.5 -hour units
- When DST is turned on, the UTC differential setting range is -11.0 to +15.0 , in
0.5 -hour units.
- For information about Flash Alert, see "Flash Alert" (page E-44).

4. Press (A) twice to exit the setting screen.

- The day of the week is displayed automatically in accordance with the date (year, month, and day) settings.

To toggle between 12-hour and 24-hour timekeeping
In the Timekeeping Mode, press (D) to toggle between 12-hour timekeeping and 24-hour timekeeping

- With the 12-hour format, the $\mathbf{P}$ (PM) indicator appears to the left of the hour digits for times in the range of noon to $11: 59 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and no indicator appears to the left of the hour digits for times in the range of midnight to 11:59 a.m
- With the 24 -hour format, times are displayed in the range of 0:00 to $23: 59$, without
- The indicator. 12 -hour/24-hour timekeeping format you select in the Timekeeping Mode is applied in all other modes.


## Daylight Saving Time (DST) Setting

Daylight Saving Time (summer time) advances the time setting by one hour from Standard Time. Remember that not all countries or even local areas use Dayligh Saving Time.

To toggle the Timekeeping Mode time between DST and Standard Time On/Off status 1. In the Timekeeping Mode, hold down (A) until the (A) (B) 2. Press (C) once and the DST setting screen appears.
3. Press (D) to toggle between Daylight Saving Time (fif displayed) and Standard Time ( FF displayed). 4. Press (A) twice to exit the setting screen. - The DST indicator appears on the Timekeeping, and Tide/Moon Data screens to indicate that Daylight Saving Time is turned on. In the case of the Tide/Moon Data Mode, the DST indicator appears on the Tide Data screen only.
Home Site Data
Moon age, tide graph data, and Tide/Moon Data Mode data will not be displayed properly unless Home Site data (UTC differential, longitude and lunitidal interval) is configured correctly.

- The lunitidal interval is the time elapsing between the Moon's transit over a meridian and the next high tide at that meridian. See "Lunitidal Interval" (page E-43) for more and the next
This watch displays lunitidal intervals in terms of hours and minutes
- The "Site/Lunitidal Interval Data List" at the back of this manual provides UTC
differential and longitude information around the world.
- The following is the initial factory default Home Site data (Tokyo, Japan) when you first purchase the watch and whenever you have the battery replaced. Change these settings to match the area where you normally use the watch
UTC differential (+9.0); Longitude (East 140 degrees); Lunitidal interval (5 hours, 20 minutes)


5. While the setting you want to change is flashing, use (D) and (B) to change it as described below.

| Setting | Screen | Button Operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Longitude Value | $\begin{aligned} & 14104 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | Use (D) (+) and (B) ( - ) to change the setting. <br> - You can specify a value from $0^{\circ}$ to $180^{\circ}$, in 1-degree units. |
| Longitude (East/West) |  | Use (D) to switch between east longitude (E) and west longitude ( $\mathbf{(} \mathbf{H}$ ). |
| Lunitidal Interval Hours, Minutes | INT | Use (D) (+) and (B) (-) to change the setting. |

6. Press (A) to exit the setting screen

## Tide/Moon Data

Tide/Moon data lets you view the moon age for a
particular date, and tidal movements for a particular date
and time for your Home Site.

- When you enter the Tide/Moon Data Mode, the data for
6:00 a.m. on the current date appears first.
- If you suspect that the Tide/Moon data is not correct for
some reason, check the Timekeeping Mode data
(current time, date, and Home Site settings), and make
changes as required.
- See "Tide Graph" (page E-42) for information about the
tide graph.
- All of the operations in this section are performed in the
Tide/Moon Data Mode, which you enter by pressing (C)
(page E-7).


## Tide/Moon Data Screens

In the Tide/Moon Data Mode, press (A) to toggle between the Tide Data screen and the Moon Data screen.


- While the Tide Data screen is displayed, press (D) to advance to the next hour - While the Moon Data screen is displayed, press (D) to advance to the next day. - You also can specify a particular date (year, month, day) to view its tide data and moon data. See tidy a date for more information de data or moon data) that was displayed the last time you exited the mode appears first.


## To specify a date



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While a setting is flashing, use (D) $(+)$ or $(B)(-)$ to change

- You can specify a date in the range of January 1, 2000 to December 31, 2099.

4. Press (A) to exit the setting screen.
5. Use (A) to display either the Tide Data screen or the Moon Data screen.

World Time


World Time shows the current time in 48 cities (29 time Thenes) around the world
synctimes kept in the World Time Mode are synchronized with the time being kept in the nmekeeping Mode. If you feel that there is an error in any World Time Mode time, check the UTC differential of your Home Site Data (Home City) and the current setting of the Timekeeping Mode time.
Select a city code in the World Time Mode to display globe. See the "UTC Differential/City Code List" at the back of this manual for information about the UTC differential settings that are supported

- All of the operations in this section are performed in the World Time Mode, which you enter by pressing (C) (page E-7).

To view the time in another city
While in the World Time Mode, press (D) (eastward) to scroll through the city codes (time zones)

To toggle a city code time between Standard Time and Daylight Saving Time
 1. In the World Time Mode, use (D) to display the city cod (time zone) whose Standard Time/Daylight Saving Time setting you want to change.
2. Hold down (A) to toggle between Daylight Saving Time (DST indicator displayed) and Standard Time (DST indicator not displayed). - The DST indicator is sho

ST indicator - screen while Daylight Saving the World Time Mode screen while Daylight Saving Time is turned on DSt Standard Time setting affects only the affected.

## Stopwatch




To measure times with the stopwatch
Elapsed Time

| Elapsed Time |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ( $) \rightarrow$ ( $) \rightarrow$ (D) $\longrightarrow$ (D) $\longrightarrow$ ( $)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Start | Stop | Resume | Stop | Reset |
| Split Time |  |  |  |  |
| (D) $\longrightarrow$ (A) $\rightarrow$ ( $\rightarrow$ (D) $\longrightarrow$ (A) |  |  |  |  |
| Start | Split <br> (SPL displayed) | Split release | Stop | Reset |
| Two Finishes |  |  |  |  |
| ( $) \longrightarrow$ (A) $\longrightarrow$ (D) $\longrightarrow$ (A) $\longrightarrow$ (A) |  |  |  |  |
| Start | Split <br> First runner finishes. Display time of first runner. | Stop <br> Second runner finishes. | Split release Display time of second runner. | Reset |

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About Auto-Start
With Auto-Start, the watch performs a 5 -second countdown, and stopwatch operation starts automatically when the countdown reaches zero.
During the final three seconds of the countdown, a beeper sounds with each second.
To use Auto-Start


While the stopwatch screen is showing all zeros in the Stopwatch Mode, press (A)

- This displays a 5 -second countdown screen - To return to the all zeros screen, press (A) again

2. Press (D) to start the countdown.
-When the countdown reaches zero, a tone
sounds and a stopwatch timing operation starts automatically.
Pressing (D) while the Auto-Start countdown is in progress will start the stopwatch immediately.

Countdown Timer


You can set the countdown timer within a range of one minute to 24 hours. An alarm sounds when the countdown reaches zero. The countdown timer also has an auto-repeat feature and a progress beeper that signals the progress of the countdown

- All of the operations in this section are performed in the Countdown Timer Mode, which you enter by pressing (C) (page E-7).

Minutes
Configuring the Countdown Timer
The following are the settings you should configure before actually using the countdown timer.
Countdown start time; Auto-repeat on/off; Progress beeper on/off

- See "To configure the countdown timer" (page E-29) for information about setting up the timer.


## Countdown End Beeper

The countdown end beeper lets you know when the countdown reaches zero

- When the progress beeper is turned off, the countdown end beeper sounds for about 10 seconds, or until you press any button to stop it.
When the progress beeper is turned on, the countdown end beeper sounds for about one second


## Progress Beeper

When the progress beeper is turned on, the watch uses beeps to signal countdown progress as described below.

- Starting from five minutes before the end of the countdown, the watch emits four short beeps at the top of each countdown minute.
- The watch emits a short beep for countdown, the watch emits four short beeps.
- If the countdown start time is six minutes or greater, the watch emits a short beep
for each second of the final 10 seconds before the five-minute point is reached. Four short beeps are emitted to signal when the five-minute point is reached.


## Auto-repeat

When auto-repeat is turned on, the countdown restarts automatically from the countdown start time when it reaches zero.
When auto-repeat is turned off, the countdown stops when it reaches zero and the display shows the original countdown start time

- Pressing (D) while an auto-repeat countdown is in progress pauses the current countdown. You can resume the auto-repeat countdown by pressing (D), or you


## Countdown Timer Beeper Operations

The watch beeps at various times during a countdown so you can keep informed about the countdown status without looking at the display. The following describes the types of beeper operations the watch performs during a countdown.

| 3. When the setting you want to change is flashing, use (D) and (B) to change it as |
| :--- |
| described below. |
| Setting |
| Screen |
| Hours, Minutes |
| Auto-repeat |

- To specify a countdown start time of 24 hours, set : \#:

4. Press (A) to exit the setting screen

- You also can perform steps 1 and 2 of the above procedure whenever you need to view the current auto-repeat and progress beeper settings

To use the countdown timer


## Alarms



Alarm Types
The alarm type is determined by the settings you make, as described below. - Daily alarm

Set the hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound everyday at the time you set.

## - Date alarm

Set the month, day, hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound at the specific time, on the specific date you set.

- 1-Month alarm

Set the month, hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound everyday at the time you set, only during the month you set.

- Monthly alarm

Set the day, hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound every month at the time you set, on the day you set.

To set an alarm time


In the Alarm Mode, use (D) to scroll through the alarm screens until the one whose time you want to set is displayed.


- The snooze alarm operation repeats every five minutes.

2. After you select an alarm screen, hold down (A) until the hour setting of the alarm time starts to flash, which indicates the setting screen

- This operation turns on the currently selected alarm automatically.

3. Press © to move the flashing in the sequence shown below to select other settings.

| 4. While a setting is flashing, use (D) and (B) to change it as described below. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

5. Press (A) to exit the setting screen.

## Alarm Operation

The alarm tone sounds at the preset time for 10 seconds, regardless of the mode the watch is in. In the case of the snooze alarm, the alarm operation is performed a total of seven times, every five minutes, until you turn the alarm off (page E-37)

- Alarm and Hourly Time Signal operations are performed in accordance with the

Timekeeping Mode time.
To stop the alarm tone after it starts to sound, press any button.

- Performing any one of the following operations during a 5-minute interval between
snooze alarms cancels the current snooze alarm operation.
Displaying the $\Xi \mathrm{N} \mathbf{Z}$ setting screen (page E-34)


## To test the alarm

In the Alarm Mode, hold down (D) to sound the alarm.

## To turn an alarm on and off



To turn the Hourly Time Signal on and off


## Illumination

This watch has an EL (electro-luminescent) panel that causes the entire display to glow for easy reading in the dark.

- See "Illumination Precautions" (page E-48) for other important information about using illumination.


## To illuminate the display

In any mode (except when a setting screen is on the display), press (B) to turn on illumination.

- You can use the procedure below to select either 1.5 seconds or 3 seconds as the illumination duration. When you press (B), the illumination will remain on for about 1.5 seconds or 3 seconds, depending on the current illumination duration setting.


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## To specify the illumination duration



In the Timekeeping Mode, hold down (A) until the seconds start to flash, which indicates the setting screen.
2. While the seconds are flashing, press (B) to toggle the setting between 1.5 seconds $(\dot{*})$ and 3 seconds ( $\left.{ }^{*}+{ }^{2}\right)$.
3. Press (A) twice to exit the setting screen.

Reference
This section contains more detailed and technical information about watch operation It also contains important precautions and notes about the various features and functions of this watch.

## Moon Age

The Moon goes through a regular 29.53-day cycle. During each cycle, the Moon appears to wax and wane as the relative positioning of the Earth, the Moon, and the Sun changes. The greater the angular distance between the Moon and the Sun,* the more we see illuminated.

* The angle to the Moon in relation to the direction at which the Sun is visible from the Earth
This watch performs a rough calculation of the current Moon age starting from day 0 only (no fracle. Since this watch performs calculations using integer value only (no fractions), the margin for error of the displayed Moon age is $\pm 1$ day

Tide Graph
The Tide Graph has six graphic patterns, each of which represents a different tide condition. The current tide condition is indicated by the displayed graphic pattern.


## Tidal Movements

Tides are the periodic rise and fall of the water of oceans, seas, bays, and other bodies of water caused mainly by the gravitational interactions between the Earth, Moon and Sun. Tides rise and fall about every six hours. The tide graph of this watch indicates tidal movement based on the Moon's transit over a meridian and the lunitida terval. The lunitidal interval differs according to your current location, so you must specify a lunitidal interval in order to obtain the correct tide graph readings. The tide graph displayed by this watch is based on the current Moon age. Remember that the margin for error of the Moon age displayed by this watch is $\pm 1$ day. The greater the error in a particular Moon age, the greater the error in the
resulting tide graph.

## Lunitidal Interval

Theoretically, high tide is at the Moon's transit over the meridian and low tide is abou six hours later. Actual high tide occurs somewhat later, due to factors such as viscosity, friction, and underwater topography. Both the time differential between the Moon's transit over the meridian until high tide and the time differential between the Moon's transit over the meridian until low tide are known as the "lunitidal interval". When setting the lunitidal interval for this watch, use the time differential between the Moon's transit over the meridian until high tide. E-43

Flash Alert
When Flash Alert is turned on, the illumination flashes for the alarms, the Hourly Time Signal, the countdown alarm, and stopwatch auto start.

To turn Flash Alert on and off


In the Timekeeping Mode, hold down (A) until the seconds start to flash, which indicates the setting screen.
2. Press (C) eight times to display the Flash Alert setting screen
3. Press (D) to toggle Flash Alert on ( 54 AF displayed) and off (-- -- displayed).
4. Press (A) twice to exit the setting screen.

- The Flash Alert setting you select with the above procedure is applied in all modes.
- When Flash Alert is on, SY AT appears for about one second whenever you enter the Stopwatch, Countdown
Timer, or Alarm Mode.

Button Operation Tone
Mute indicator The button operation tone sounds any time you press one the watch's buttons. You can turn the button operation tone on or off as desired
B) - Even if you turn off the button operation tone, the alarms, the Hourly Time Signal, the countdown alarm, and stopwatch auto start all operate normally.

To turn the button operation tone on and off In any mode (except when a setting screen is on the display), hold down (c) to toggle the button operation tone on (mute indicator not displayed) and off (mute indicator displayed).

- Holding down (©) to turn the button operation tone on or off also causes the watch's current mode to change.
- The mute indicator is displayed in all modes when the button operation tone is turned off.


## Auto Return Features

- If you leave the watch in the Alarm Mode or Tide/Moon Data Mode for two or three
minutes without performing any operation, it changes to the Timekeeping Mode automatically.
- If you leave a screen with flashing digits on the display for two or three minutes without performing any operation, the watch exits the setting screen automatically.


## Scrolling

The (B) and (D) buttons are used in various modes and setting screens to scroll through data on the display. In most cases, holding down these buttons during a scroll operation scrolls at high speed.

## Initial Screens

When you enter the World Time or Alarm Mode, the data you were viewing when you last exited the mode appears first.

## UTC

- The UTC differential is a value that indicates the time difference between a
reference point in Greenwich, England and the time zone where a city is located
- The letters UTC is the abbreviation for Coordinated Universal Time, which is the world-wide scientific standard of timekeeping. It is based upon carefully maintained seconds are added or subtracted as necessary to keep UTC in sync with the Earth's rotation.


## Timekeeping

- Resetting the seconds to $\mathbf{~} \mathbf{1}$ while the current count is in the range of 30 to 59 causes the minutes to be increased by 1 . In the range of 00 to 29 , the seconds are reset to $\mathbf{U G}$ without changing the minutes.
- The year can be set in the range of 2000 to 2099
- The watch's built-in full automatic calendar makes allowances for different month lengths and leap years. Once you set the date, there should be no reason to change it except after you have the watch's battery replaced.


## World Time

- The seconds count of the World Time is synchronized with the seconds count of the Timekeeping Mode
- All World Time Mode times are calculated from the current time in the Timekeeping Mode using UTC time differential values


## Illumination Precautions

- The electro-luminescent panel that provides illumination loses power after very long use.
- Illumination may be hard to see when viewed under direct sunlight
- The watch may emit an audible sound whenever the display is illuminated. This is due to vibration of the EL panel used for illumination, and does not indicate
malfunction.
.
- Frequent use of illumination runs down the battery.


## Specifications

Accuracy at normal temperature: $\pm 30$ seconds a month
Timekeeping: Hour, minutes, seconds, p.m. (P), month, day, day of the week Time format: 12-hour and 24-hour
Calendar system: Full Auto-calendar pre-programmed from the year 2000 to 2099 Other: Daylight Saving Time (summer time)/Standard Time; Home Site data settings (UTC differential, longitude, lunitidal interval)
Tide/Moon Data: Moon age for specific date; Tide level for specific date and time
World Time: 48 cities (29 time zones)
Other: Daylight Saving Time/Standard Time
Stopwatch:
Measuring unit: $1 / 100$ second
Measuring capacity: 23:59' 59.99"
Measuring modes: Elapsed time, split time, two finishes
Other: Auto-Start

Countdown Timer:
Measuring unit: 1 second Other: Auto-repeat timing; Progress beeper
Alarms: 3 multi-function alarms (with 1 snooze alarm); Hourly Time Signal
Illumination: EL (electro-luminescent panel); Selectable illumination duration
Other: Button operation tone on/off; Flash alert
Battery: One lithium battery (Type: CR2025)
Approximately 10 years on type CR2025 ( 10 seconds of alarm operation per day (with flash alert), one countdown timer operation (with progress beeper and flash alert) per week, one stopwatch operation (with auto start and flash alert) per week, 1.5 seconds of illumination per day)
Frequent use of the light shortens the battery life.


UTC Differential/City Code List


## UTC Differential/City Code List

| City Code | City | UTC Differential | Other major cities in same time zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PPG | Pago Pago | -11 |  |
| HNL | Honolulu | -10 | Papeete |
| ANC | Anchorage | -9 | Nome |
| YVR | Vancouver | -8 | Las Vegas, Seattle/Tacoma, Dawson City |
| SFO | San Francisco |  |  |
| LAX | Los Angeles |  |  |
| DEN | Denver | -7 | Edmonton, El Paso |
| MEX | Mexico City | -6 | Houston, Dallas/Fort Worth, New Orleans, Winnipeg |
| CHI | Chicago |  |  |
| MIA | Miami | -5 | Montreal, Detroit, Boston, <br> Panama City, Havana, Lima, Bogota |
| NYC | New York |  |  |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { City } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | City | $\begin{gathered} \text { UTC } \\ \text { Differential } \end{gathered}$ | Other major cities in same time zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CCS* | Caracas | -4 | La Paz, Santiago, Port Of Spain |
| YYT | St. Johns | -3.5 |  |
| RIO | Rio De Janeiro | -3 | Sao Paulo, Buenos Aires, Brasilia, Montevideo |
| RAI | Praia | -1 |  |
| LIS | Lisbon | 0 | Dublin, Casablanca, Dakar, Abidjan |
| LON | London |  |  |
| BCN | Barcelona |  |  |
| PAR | Paris |  |  |
| MIL | Milan | +1 | Amsterdam, Algiers, Hamburg, Frankfurt, Vienna, Madrid Stockholm |
| ROM | Rome |  |  |
| BER | Berlin |  |  |
| ATH | Athens | +2 | Helsinki, Beirut, Damascus, Cape Town |

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| City <br> Code | City | UTC <br> Differential | Other major cities in same time zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| JNB | Johannesburg |  |  |
| IST | Istanbul | +2 | Helsinki, Beirut, Damascus, Cape Town |
| CAI | Cairo |  |  |
| JRS | Jerusalem |  |  |
| MOW*2 | Moscow | +3 | Kuwait, Riyadh, Aden, Addis Ababa, Nairobi |
| JED | Jeddah | +3.5 | Shiraz |
| THR | Tehran | +4 | Abu Dhabi, Muscat |
| DXB | Dubai | +4.5 |  |
| KBL | Kabul | +5 |  |
| KHI | Karachi | +5.5 | Mumbai, Kolkata, Colombo |
| MLE | Male | +5.5 |  |

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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { City } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | City | $\begin{gathered} \text { UTC } \\ \text { Differential } \end{gathered}$ | Other major cities in same time zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DAC | Dhaka | +6 |  |
| RGN | Yangon | +6.5 |  |
| BKK | Bangkok | +7 | Phnom Penh, Hanoi, Vientiane, Jakarta |
| SIN | Singapore |  |  |
| HKG | Hong Kong | +8 | Kuala Lumpur, Taipei, Manila, Perth, Ulaanbaatar |
| BJS | Beijing |  |  |
| SEL | Seoul | $+9$ |  |
| TYO | Tokyo | +9 | Pyongyang |
| ADL | Adelaide | +9.5 | Darwin |
| GUM | Guam | +10 | Melbourne, Rabaul |
| SYD | Sydney | +10 | Melbourne, Rabaul |
| NOU | Noumea | +11 | Port Vila |

L-5

| City <br> Code | City | UTC <br> Differential | Other major cities in same time zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WLG | Wellington | +12 | Christchurch, Nadi, Nauru Island |

*1 As of December 2013, the official UTC offset for Caraces Venezuel (CCS) has As of Decenber from - to -4.5, but this watch still uses an offset of - (the old been changed
offset) for CCS.
*2 As of December 2013, the official UTC offset for Moscow, Russia (MOW) has been changed from +3 to +4 , but this watch stili uses an offset of +3 (the old offset) for MOW. Because of this, you should leave the summer time setting turned on (which
advances the time by one hour) for the MOW time

- This table shows the city codes of this watch.

The rules governing global times (UTC offset and GMT differential) and summer time are determined by each individual country.

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Site/Lunitidal Interval Data List

| Site | UTC Differential |  | Longitude | Lunitidal <br> Interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard <br> Time | DST/ <br> Summer <br> Time |  | $5: 40$ |
| Anchorage | -9.0 | -8.0 | $149^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $5: 40$ |
| Bahamas | -5.0 | -4.0 | $77^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $7: 30$ |
| Baja, California | -7.0 | -6.0 | $110^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $8: 40$ |
| Bangkok | +7.0 | +8.0 | $101^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $4: 40$ |
| Boston | -5.0 | -4.0 | $71^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $11: 20$ |
| Buenos Aires | -3.0 | -2.0 | $58^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $6: 00$ |
| Casablanca | +0.0 | +1.0 | $8^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $1: 30$ |
| Christmas Island | +14.0 | +15.0 | $158^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $4: 00$ |
| Dakar | +0.0 | +1.0 | $17^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $7: 40$ |


| Site | UTC Differential |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard <br> Time | DST/ <br> Summer <br> Time | Longitude |  |
| Gold Coast | +10.0 | +11.0 | $154^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $8: 30$ |
| Great Barrier Reef, Cairns | +10.0 | +11.0 | $146^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $9: 40$ |
| Guam | +10.0 | +11.0 | $145^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $7: 40$ |
| Hamburg | +1.0 | +2.0 | $10^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $4: 50$ |
| Hong Kong | +8.0 | +9.0 | $114^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $9: 10$ |
| Honolulu | -10.0 | -9.0 | $158^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $3: 40$ |
| Jakarta | +7.0 | +8.0 | $107^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $0: 00$ |
| Jeddah | +3.0 | +4.0 | $39^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $6: 30$ |
| Karachi | +5.0 | +6.0 | $67^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $10: 10$ |
| Kona, Hawaii | -10.0 | -9.0 | $156^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $4: 00$ |
| Lima | -5.0 | -4.0 | $77^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $5: 20$ |

L-8

| Site |  | UTC Differential |  | Longitude |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | Lunitidal |
| :---: |
| Interval |


| Site | UTC Differential |  | Longitude | Lunitidal <br> Interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard <br> Time | DST/ <br> Summer <br> Time |  | $3: 00$ |
| Panama City | -5.0 | -4.0 | $80^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $3: 10$ |
| Papeete | -10.0 | -9.0 | $150^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $0: 10$ |
| Rio De Janeiro | -3.0 | -2.0 | $43^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $3: 10$ |
| Seattle | -8.0 | -7.0 | $122^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $4: 20$ |
| Shanghai | +8.0 | +9.0 | $121^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $1: 20$ |
| Singapore | +8.0 | +9.0 | $104^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $10: 20$ |
| Sydney | +10.0 | +11.0 | $151^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $8: 40$ |
| Tokyo | +9.0 | +10.0 | $140^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $5: 20$ |
| Vancouver | -8.0 | -7.0 | $123^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ | $5: 10$ |
| Wellington | +12.0 | +13.0 | $175^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ | $4: 50$ |

$\underset{\substack{-10 \\ L-10}}{\text { Based on data as of } 2003 .}$
L-10

